

Final Schedule of Proposed Main Modifications

11th June 2025

Schedule of Proposed Main Modifications to the Submission Winchester Local Plan 2020 – 2040 (11th June 2025)

This schedule sets out the Main Modifications (MMs). The majority of these proposed MMs have been included to address comments from statutory agencies/neighbouring Local Planning Authorities and to address matters that have been raised during the examination.

Additions to the Plan are indicated using **bold** and <u>underlined text</u> and deletions are shown using strikethrough.

*During the hearings process, these modifications have been thoroughly reviewed and as such may be amended slightly from the Schedule of Proposed Modifications that was submitted for examination on 15 November 2024.

**The previous SD14b included changes to the inset maps. These changes are now included within this document (SD14a) and as such SD14b has been deleted.

Therefore, the current documents involving proposed modifications are as follows:

SD14a Schedule of Proposed Main Modifications

SD14c Proposed Modifications to the Policies Map

SD14d Proposed Additional (Minor) Modifications

Following the last Local Plan hearing session on Friday 6th June 2025, this document was updated on the 11th June 2025 with additional MM's arising from all of the hearing sessions. The document also incorporates the MM's that were previously included in document <u>ED31</u> – Amendments to the Main Modifications.

In order to assist with transparency, any new MM's that have been added to this document since 30th April 2025 have been added in red text.

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
MM88 (Pg.2)	Replace map currently on page 2 of the Local Plan to show the different spatial areas: Winchester Town South Hampshire Urban Areas, Market Towns and Rural Areas (including Countryside) See new map at Appendix 4 of this document	To clearly show the spatial areas	N/A
MM1 (p.8)	Neighbourhood Development Plans Update graphic to include: <u>Wickham and Knowle Parish Council Neighbourhood Development Plan - Wickham and Knowle Parish Council are in the process of bringing forward a Neighbourhood Plan.</u>	To reflect the latest position on Neighbourhood Development Plans	PM170
MM2 (p.12)	2.21 An Equalities Impact Assessment (EqIA) and a Health Impact Assessment has been undertaken in the Integrated Impact Assessment, alongside the Sustainability Appraisal and the Habitats Regulations Assessment.	For clarification purposes	PM1
Introduction			
MM3 (Policy SP2)	Supporting text: New paragraph after 3.8 as follows – The Local Plan is adopted under the 'transitional arrangements' contained at time of drafting in the proposed changes to NPPF, which means it has to accord with the requirements of the December 2023 NPPF. The subsequent proposed changes to the NPPF relate mainly to	For clarification purposes	PM2
	housing provision and the transitional arrangements require local plans to review these as soon as possible after adoption. Policy SP2 commits the Council to commence such a review within 6 months of adoption and this will focus primarily on meeting any new housing requirements.		

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
MM4 (Policy SP2)	Strategic Policy SP2 Spatial Strategy and Development Principles Additional paragraph at the end of Policy SP2:	For clarification purposes	PM3
	The Council will undertake a review of the Local Plan 2040, which will start no later than 6 months after the adoption of the plan. This review will primarily address any changes in the National Planning Policy Framework and the Standard Methodology.		
MM5 (Policy SP3)	Strategic Policy SP3 Development in the Countryside	Comments from the Environment Agency, Natural England,	PM4, PM5
	In the countryside, defined as land outside the settlement boundaries, the Local Planning Authority will only permit the following types of development: i. Development in accordance with Site Allocations as set out in this Plan or any	Southern Water	
	ii. Development which has an operational need for a countryside location, such as agriculture, horticulture, forestry, essential infrastructure or outdoor		
	recreation; or iii. Proposals for the reuse of existing rural buildings for employment, tourist		
	accommodation, community use or affordable housing where they are close to existing settlements or in otherwise sustainable locations1 which have access to public transport, active travel infrastructure and avoid the need to travel by private car (to meet demonstrable local housing needs). Buildings should be of permanent construction and capable of use without major reconstruction; or		
	iv. Expansion or suitable replacement of existing buildings to facilitate the expansion on-site of established businesses or to meet an operational need,		

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	provided development is proportionate to the nature and scale of the site, its setting and countryside location; or		
	v. Small scale sites for low key tourist accommodation appropriate to the site, location and the setting;		
	vi. Residential accommodation for which an exceptional need has been demonstrated, in accordance with policies H7 (affordable housing exception sites), H12 and H13 (traveller accommodation), or H11 (agricultural dwellings), and		
	vii. The infilling of existing settlements without a settlement boundary in line with policy H4.		
	Development proposed in accordance with this policy should not cause unacceptable harm to biodiversity and the water environment, to the character and landscape of the area or neighbouring uses, or create unacceptable noise/light and traffic generation.		
	Development proposed in accordance with this policy should <u>not increase flood risk</u> , cause unacceptable harm to biodiversity and the water environment, to the character and landscape of the area or neighbouring uses, or create unacceptable noise/light and traffic generation. <u>Where appropriate, proposals should demonstrate they have considered and assessed any potential loss of the best and most versatile agricultural land.</u>		
	ality and Designing for Low Carbon Infrastructure		
MM6 (Policy CN1)	Supporting text:	Comments from Historic England	PM6, PM168, PM169
	Key issues (p33-34)		
	New criteria in between vii and viii:		

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
	The Local Plan recognises the important contribution that heritage can make to climate change mitigation and adaptation. This includes support for the retention, repair, and reuse of existing buildings, as well as enhancing their energy efficiency and reducing carbon emissions.		
	Strategic Policy CN1 Mitigating and Adapting to Climate Change Amendments to criterion i and xiv as follows - i. Low carbon solutions have been incorporated that reduce and minimise energy consumption through the energy hierarchy classification of energy options (Policy CN2) and how ensure that carbon emissions have been considered at every stage of the design process; xiv. The design process assesses and considers the use of green roofs and		
	walls that are covered in vegetation, fenestration, insulation, external shutters, and the use of colour of external materials that can all contribute towards mitigating overheating; and		
MM7 (Policy CN2)	New paragraph after current paragraph 4.17: The Local Plan recognises the benefits that reuse of buildings can play in addressing climate change mitigation and adaptation, particularly in relation to heritage assets. The plan supports the retention, repair, and reuse of existing buildings, while encouraging sensitive design adaptations that enhance the carbon and energy efficiency of heritage assets and buildings.	Comments from Historic England	PM7, PM8

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
	Policy CN2 Energy Hierarchy All development shall accord with the following energy hierarchy (in order of preference): • Minimise energy demand for new build which is done by employing the 'fabric first approach'; • Maximise energy efficiency; • Utilise renewable energy; and • Utilise low carbon energy.		
MM8 (Policy CN3)	Supporting text: 4.19 Policy CN2 sets out an energy hierarchy which is a classification of energy options, prioritised to focus developers to think about and embed more sustainable energy options right at the start of the design process. It is one of the core principles of the Local Plan. It is a similar approach to a waste hierarchy where the least favourable option is located at the bottom of a triangle. The development industry often refers to this as a 'fabric first approach'. This means that before considering renewable and/or low carbon energy sources, energy demand must first be reduced by maximising performance of the components which make up the building fabric (i.e. consider the materials and design of the environment and then move down the energy hierarchy). Not only is the 'fabric first' approach the most sustainable and environmentally best approach for new build, but it can also make an important contribution to addressing fuel poverty and improving social equity.	Comments from Historic England	PM9, PM219, PM11
	When taking a fabric first approach for works to existing traditionally constructed buildings, care must be taken, and professional advice sought. Traditional construction* absorbs moisture but allows it to evaporate when conditions become drier. This is in contrast to modern construction, which often relies on impermeable barriers to prevent		

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	moisture entering the fabric. Thus when insulation is added it needs to be done in a way that maintains the moisture balance.		
	*Traditional' refers to buildings with solid walls built from permeable materials such as stone, earth, timber, clay tiles, porous brick and limebased mortars, plasters and renders.		
	Policy CN3 Energy Efficiency Standards to Reduce Carbon Emissions		
	The Council has declared a climate emergency and has committed to providing the leadership for the district to be carbon neutral by 2030. This will contribute to the UK's legally binding target of net zero carbon by 2050. All new developments should demonstrate the lowest possible level of carbon emissions. These should be in line with the requirements set out below unless there are exceptionally clear and compelling reasons. These reasons should be established through the design process and demonstrate that achieving these standards produces a development that would be harmful to its setting or the character of the wider area or it is demonstrated that is not practical.		
	All new residential development		
	All new residential development <u>buildings</u> (excluding conversion and change of use) should not burn any fossil fuels on site for space heating, hot water or used for cooking. New residential development will need to be able to demonstrate net-zero operational carbon on site by ensuring:		
	i. The predicted space heating demand of the homes based on predicted energy modelling, showing that the target of <15 kWh/M2/year is met.		

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
	ii. The total kWh/yr of energy consumption of the building based on predicted energy modelling tools showing that the target of <35 kWh/M2/year is met.		
	iii. The total kWh/yr of energy consumption of the buildings on the site and the total kWh/yr of energy generation by renewables to show that the balance is met.		
	iv. Onsite renewables to provide 100% of the energy consumption that is required by residential buildings, for example through the installation of photovoltaic solar panels or other suitable forms of renewable energy generating schemes that are appropriate for the location or the setting.		
	All requirements should be met at a 'building' level rather than per dwelling. For houses each house will meet the above requirements, but for blocks of flats the requirements would be for the whole building rather than for each dwelling individually.		
	New non-residential development		
	v. New non-residential development (excluding conversion and change of use) should meet the 'BREEAM Excellent' standard or an agreed equivalent industry standard assessment process. Developers that propose a scheme to meet BREEAM standards should submit a post construction assessment and BREEAM certificate to the local planning authority to demonstrate compliance. At outline planning application stage a commitment to BREEAM Excellent should be made, and at full planning application a BREEAM pre-assessment should be provided.		
	All new non-residential developments should maximize on-site renewable energy generation. As a minimum, applicants will be expected to submit the		

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification		Reason	Previous Modification reference
	following information as part of their pla	nning application.		
	i. Total installed capacity on-site in (kW	p) and total generation (kWh/year)		
	ii. The Photovoltaic area (M2)			
	iii. A roof plan marked-up with the Phot	ovoltaic area.		
	Meeting the policy:			
	Energy strategy should outline complia following table indicates the energy mo different planning application stages.			
	Requirements	Predictive Energy Modelling/ Energy Use Intensity (EUI) calculations	-	
	Pre-App	Modelling not required, but confirmation of how Policy CN3 will be met.	-	
	Outline	Typical dwellings/buildings	-	
	Full Planning & Reserved Matters	Representative sample of exact dwelling/building design	-	
MM9	Policy CN5		Comments from	PM12
(Policy CN5)	Renewable and Low Carbon Energy So	chemes	Historic England	· ····-
	Amendment to criterion iv as follows - iv. That there are no significant adverse assets (including the contribution to tha	e impacts on the significance of heritage t significance made by their setting)		
MM10	Policy CN6	ggy	Comments from	PM13, PM175
(Policy CN6)	Micro Energy Generation Schemes		Historic England	,

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	The council will support proposals for micro energy generation. This includes heat and power generated from solar, ground source/air source heat pumps, hydro-electric schemes, small scale biomass schemes and other low carbon heat or power sources providing that it can be demonstrated that:		
	i. There is not an <u>significant</u> unacceptable impact on heritage significance or on the natural environment;		
	ii. The noise impacts from the operational use of the proposal have been acceptably mitigated in accordance with Policy D7; and		
	iii. Proposals have been sensitively integrated with the whole building including where applicable its roof profile in order to avoid an unacceptable impact on the appearance of the building and the surrounding landscape.		
	iv. There is an emergency plan for any energy storage facility to address the risk of fire and any potential contamination run off.		
MM11 (Policy CN7 and in the	Policy CN7 Energy Storage Community Energy Storage	To clarify intent of the policy.	PM217, PM218
contents page)	Development proposals that involve community energy storage will be supported subject to meeting the following criteria:		
	i. The <u>community</u> energy storage facility <u>is less than 100kWh and</u> is, where possible, co-located with existing and proposed renewable energy development;		
	ii. The location, scale, design and other measures in connection with the facility are designed in order to avoid or mitigate any adverse unacceptable		

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	impact on the built environment, biodiversity, heritage, landscape and the surrounding area in terms of cumulative and indivisibility impact;		
	iii. There is an emergency plan for any energy storage facility to address the risk of fire and any potential contamination run off; and		
	iv. The proposals are not of a scale that would involve the installation of cooling fans unless the noise impacts from these have been acceptably mitigated.		
High Quality	Well-Designed Places and Living Well		
MM12 (Policy D1)	Supporting text: 5.38 The contextual factors to consider will depend on the characteristics of each site, and the form of development proposed. Matters to assess potentially include: the presence of utility infrastructure; the pattern of development; height, scale, massing and elevational treatment of surrounding development; land uses; movement patterns and routes; relationship with nearby facilities and services; landscape features; open spaces; topography; orientation; views; neighbouring occupants/ uses; protected features; boundary treatments; existing buildings worthy of retention; water features; flooding; and microclimate. 5.40 The final design solution needs to be a positive, creative and a bespoke response to the site context. Where appropriate, The design also needs to take into account relevant national guidance, such as the guidance in the DfT document Inclusive mobility: a guide to best practice on access to pedestrian and Transport infrastructure, the Sport England Active Design Guidance and the National Grid document Design Guidelines for Development near pylons and high voltage overhead power lines	Response from National Grid Electricity Transmission, National Gas Transmission, Sport England.	PM15, PM16

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MM13 (Policy D2)	Supporting text: Map Key (page 83) Add purple arrow and title "Improve Strategic Connections" Add yellow arrow and title "Improve Wider Connectivity" Policy D2 Design Principles for Winchester Town	To show what these arrows denote on the maps on pages 84-91 of the Plan.	PM209, PM210, PM17
	Revise criterion ii of Policy D2 as follows – ii. Any relevant aspects, identified characteristics and principles set out in Masterplans, Local Area Design Statements, Conservation Area Appraisals and Technical Assessments, Local Area Design Codes, Planning Frameworks, Design Codes and other relevant planning documents that have been prepared and consulted on with the involved local community <u>in accordance with the</u> <u>Statement of Community Involvement</u> ;	Reason: To clarify the level of engagement which has informed these relevant documents.	
	Amendment to criterion x as follows – x. For development in the identified opportunity areas, the potential for the proposal to deliver or contribute to the listed opportunities within that area; In addition to the specific comments for each area, the following points should be also considered –	In order to improve clarity with the wording and to make criterion ix consistent with the wording of paragraph 5.50 in the Local Plan	
MM96 (Policy D3)	Revise criterion ii of Policy D3 as follows – ii. Any relevant aspects, identified characteristics and principles set out in Masterplans, Village Design Statements, Local Area Design Codes, Planning Frameworks and Design Codes that have been prepared and consulted on with the involved local community in accordance with the Statement of Community Involvement;	Reason: To clarify the level of engagement which has informed these relevant documents.	

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MM96 (Policy D4)	Revise criterion ii of Policy D4 as follows – ii. Any relevant aspects, identified characteristics and principles set out in, Village Design Statements, Conservation Area Appraisals and Management Plans, Local Area Design Codes, Planning Frameworks and Design Codes that have been prepared and consulted on with the involved local community in accordance with the Statement of Community Involvement;	Reason: To clarify the level of engagement which has informed these relevant documents.	
MM14 (Policy D5 and in the Contents page)	Policy D5 Concept Masterplans Pages 97 and 98 – revise title as follows – MASTERPLANS/ AND CONCEPT MASTERPLANS	To clarify the scope and role of Concept Masterplans and outline when they will be required.	PM211, PM18
	Replace paragraphs 5.70 to 5.72 with the following – 5.70 The site allocations in this Plan identify where a Masterplan is required to support planning applications, and indicate the scope of what is required. These seek to ensure that there is sufficient understand of how the site will work as a whole when taking decisions on planning applications.	To improve clarity and bring policy in line with supporting text para. 5.72	
	 5.71 For significant development sites, a Concept Masterplan is required, to be agreed with the Council and endorsed as a material planning consideration, prior to the submission of a planning application. 5.72 Significant development sites are sites which have an impact on the community and may have the potential to deliver benefits to that community through the development. The significance of development may not arise because of the scale of the development proposed but be a result of the impact on the local character of the place into which it is to be introduced. 	Comments from the Environment Agency	

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	5.73 The City Council will determine whether a development site qualifies as Significant Development and requires a concept masterplan as part of any preapplication engagement.		
	5.74 Concept Masterplans are part of the process of design. They establish the vision and aspiration for a new development, explore the different possible scenarios, engage with all stakeholders to refine the development proposal, and finally identify how the development will be managed for the future. The Council's expectations regarding community engagement and involvement are set out in the Council's Statement of Community Involvement and Master Planning Approach to Concept Masterplans.		
	5.75 Irrespective of size, all significant development will be considered individually, unless a Supplementary Planning Document (SPD) has been adopted for the site so as not to add unnecessarily to the financial burdens on development as supported by National Policy. The Council will seek to engage with landowner and developers through this master planning approach as part of a Planning Performance Agreement.		
	5.76 Further guidance is set out in the document "Master Planning Approach to Concept Masterplans" which is available on for the Council's Website at https://www.winchester.gov.uk/historic-environment/urban-design/concept-masterplanning		
	Page 99		
	Revise title of page as follows – CONCEPT MASTERPLANS		
	Revise title of Policy as follows – Strategic Policy D5 Concept Masterplans (and throughout the Plan)		

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
	Revise the first three paragraphs of Policy D5 as follows –		
	In the interests of sustainable development and good quality place-making in order to secure long term benefits for the district, when proposals come forward on significant development larger sites that may be brought forward in phases the local planning authority will seek to ensure that a concept masterplan is developed and agreed for the site.		
	Proposals for significant development on sites occupied by major landowners/users will be permitted where they accord with the Development Plan and are consistent with a comprehensive and evidence based site wide concept masterplan which demonstrates how high quality design will be delivered for the whole site which has involved and engaged with stakeholders and communities. These should be agreed with the local planning authority and show how the wider implications or cumulative benefits of developing the site can be addressed.		
	Any aApplications for significant development on sites occupied by major landowners/users should be preceded by a concept masterplan, and is expected to achieve the following objectives proportionate to the scale of the site and proposed development:		
	Amend criterion xii as follows - xii. Incorporate a green and blue infrastructure strategy, providing an integrated network of green and blue spaces, taking advantage of opportunities for off-site links to the countryside, South Downs National Park where applicable and wider green and blue network, and where necessary providing alternative recreational space to mitigate potential environmental impacts of development;		
	Delete final paragraph of Policy D5 as follows -		

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	A management plan must be produced as part of the master planning process to demonstrate how infrastructure and community assets will be maintained and managed following completion of development.	Reason – requirement considered unreasonable at concept masterplan stage.	
MM15 (Policy D7)	Supporting text: Delete paragraph 5.84 - For large or prolonged development, consideration should also be given to the potential noise impacts during construction as well as the post development phase.	To delete repetition and improve clarity	PM212
MM89 (Policy D8)	Supporting text: 5.90 If a previous land use indicates the possibility of contamination, further investigations must be undertaken by suitably qualified and experienced persons and adequate information submitted as part of the planning application. Where appropriate, additional necessary information will be secured through planning condition. But it is essential that planning applications are supported by sufficiently robust and detail information to enable a decision to be made on the principle of development and the type and disposition of uses.	The reason for this is to clarify the amount of information which is required to accompany planning applications.	N/A
MM97 (Policy D10)	D10 Signage Delete paragraphs 5.98 to 5.100 as follows — 5.98 Applications for Advanced Warning Signs (A-Boards and free standing boards) will be considered with regard to the City Council's Design Guidance for the control of Shopfronts and Signs and are directional in their message. General advertising of particular goods for sale will not be permitted.	Reason – to ensure the policy includes all relevant matters, and delete superfluous supporting text in paragraphs 5.99 and 5.100 which is not in accordance with current practice or	

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	5.99 Where cafes and restaurants are permitted to locate tables and chairs on the highway, advertisements will not normally be permitted on banners or hoardings surrounding them. 5.100 In Winchester City Centre, Advanced Warning Signs will not be permitted for premises located on the High Street, Broadway, Upper High Street, St Georges Street and Jewry Street.	concerns matters already dealt with in the Design Guidance.	
	Proposed new modification to Policy D10 Signage as follows –		
	In order to maintain commercial and visual attractiveness, consent will be granted for advertisements and signs which respect the character and significance of the local area and conform to the guidance below and		

Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
2024 which sets out its vision for future transport and travel infrastructure.		
Paragraph 6.10 Whilst the Winchester Vision is solely focussed on Winchester Town, the work that was undertaken as part of this commission focussed on the need to reduce the reliance of the private motor car and promote the concept of the 15 minute cities. Given that there is a climate emergency, it is considered appropriate to embed the concept of 20 minute neighbourhoods into the Local Plan, (rather than 15 minute cities), and apply these principles in the parts of the district where this is achievable whilst recognising that the concept of 20 minute neighbourhoods does not work for all of the district. Importantly, while not all areas of the district can support this concept, there are several locations beyond Winchester Town where the principles of 20-minute	To clarify from points raised at examination	
6.21 Active travel and sustainable transport are an essential component when developing a site and determine how the site will function in terms of travel patterns. To reflect the road user utility framework (as set out in LTP4), development must enable greater uptake and continued use of active and sustainable modes of transport. The location, design and layout of development will need to demonstrate significant prominence and priority is being given to those walking, wheeling and cycling, using public transport services such as local buses or other public transport networks.		
Strategic Policy T1 Sustainable and Active Transport and Travel Planning applications for development that would increase travel must be supported by a transport assessment to quantify the amount and type of travel		
	2024 which sets out its vision for future transport and travel infrastructure. Paragraph 6.10 Whilst the Winchester Vision is solely focussed on Winchester Town, the work that was undertaken as part of this commission focussed on the need to reduce the reliance of the private motor car and promote the concept of the 15 minute cities. Given that there is a climate emergency, it is considered appropriate to embed the concept of 20 minute neighbourhoods into the Local Plan, (rather than 15 minute cities), and apply these principles in the parts of the district where this is achievable whilst recognising that the concept of 20 minute neighbourhoods does not work for all of the district. Importantly, while not all areas of the district can support this concept, there are several locations beyond Winchester Town where the principles of 20-minute neighbourhoods are achievable. 6.21 Active travel and sustainable transport are an essential component when developing a site and determine how the site will function in terms of travel patterns. To reflect the road user utility framework (as set out in LTP4), development must enable greater uptake and continued use of active and sustainable modes of transport. The location, design and layout of development will need to demonstrate significant prominence and priority is being given to those walking, wheeling and cycling, using public transport services such as local buses or other public transport networks. Strategic Policy T1 Sustainable and Active Transport and Travel Planning applications for development that would increase travel must be	2024 which sets out its vision for future transport and travel infrastructure. Paragraph 6.10 Whilst the Winchester Vision is solely focussed on Winchester Town, the work that was undertaken as part of this commission focussed on the need to reduce the reliance of the private motor car and promote the concept of the 15 minute cities. Given that there is a climate emergency, it is considered appropriate to embed the concept of 20 minute neighbourhoods into the Local Plan, (rather than 15 minute cities), and apply these principles in the parts of the district where this is achievable whilst recognising that the concept of 20 minute neighbourhoods does not work for all of the district. Importantly, while not all areas of the district can support this concept, there are several locations beyond Winchester Town where the principles of 20-minute neighbourhoods are achievable. 6.21 Active travel and sustainable transport are an essential component when developing a site and determine how the site will function in terms of travel patterns. To reflect the road user utility framework (as set out in LTP4), development must enable greater uptake and continued use of active and sustainable modes of transport. The location, design and layout of development will need to demonstrate significant prominence and priority is being given to those walking, wheeling and cycling, using public transport services such as local buses or other public transport networks. Strategic Policy T1 Sustainable and Active Transport and Travel Planning applications for development that would increase travel must be

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	i. A genuine choice of sustainable and active transport modes of travel; prioritising walking, wheeling, cycling and public transport, followed by car clubs, electric/hydrogen vehicles and lastly private fossil-fuelled vehicles;		
	ii. Development so that it reduces the number of trips made by private motor vehicle as well as maximising opportunities to walk and cycle-in compliance with due regard to the Hampshire Movement and Place Framework and Healthy Streets approach as set out in the adopted LTP4;		
	iii. The concept and principles of 20 minute neighbourhoods		
	iv. Integrating sustainable and active travel routes into the layout with connections to the wider network and where appropriate integrated with the green / blue infrastructure networks, which must be made available and usable at all stages of development particularly on large or phased sites;		
	v. Safe, attractive, secure and convenient ways that encourage all users, including those with disabilities and reduced mobility, to use more sustainable forms of transport such as walking, wheeling, cycling, buses and as appropriate, the rail network, at every stage of the development;		
	vi. The continued safe and efficient operation of the strategic and local road networks and as appropriate, the rail network;		
	vii. New accesses and intensified use of existing accesses onto the road network that can demonstrate that they will not result in reduced highway safety or significant congestion/delays; and		
	viii. Proposals which include new or refurbished employment development will need to provide where appropriate measures such as showers, changing areas and lockers/storage to cater for employees wishing to engage in active travel.		

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MM17 (Policy T2)	Policy T2 Parking for New Developments New development, excluding householder development, will only be permitted where: i. The applicant can demonstrate in the Design and Access Statement, Transport Assessment/Statement and the Travel Plan, how the needs of sustainable transport modes have been prioritised in the design process and provide justification for the level of car parking provided on the site; ii. The parking provision on residential development including for visitors shall take account of local circumstances including the layout of the development, the mix of dwellings, the character of the local area and the proximity of public transport; iii. Residential development proposed with no car parking provision will be supported where it is located in walking distance of a range of services and facilities, or there is appropriate access to non-car based modes of transport, and it is demonstrated that the lack of provision will not be to the detriment of the surrounding area or the need of those with limited mobility; iv. Secure parking for cycles, e-mobility, mobility scooters or any other form of non-car transport must be provided in a safe and convenient location and should be integral to the building where possible, and if this is not possible should be undercover, with charging points designed according to the relevant standard or locally specific demand and any health and safety requirements; and	To improve clarity, some of the criteria from Policy T3 have been moved to T2	PM192
	v. The design provides attractive, landscaped and safe parking areas which are overlooked by dwellings or other areas of active public use		

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	providing surveillance and are accompanied with associated long term maintenance plans;		
	vi. Includes permeable parking surfaces unless there are overriding evidenced reasons that prevents their use;		
	vii. Any surfaces used should be appropriate to the site context and expected level of use; and		
	viii. Parking for commercial uses will be considered on a case by case basis.		
MM18 (Policy T3)	Supporting text:	Deleted criteria have been moved to T2 or	PM186, PM180, PM193
	6.33 Planning applications will be required to demonstrate through the design process how sustainable transport modes of travel, mobility parking and access	T4.	
	to public transport has been prioritised over private car parking and access. Planning applications will be required to ensure that through the	To clarify from points raised at examination	
	design process (policy D1), they have demonstrated how developments will facilitate walking, wheeling and cycling, and the use of public and		
	shared transport options, integrating them into the site layout from the outset. The policy requires that applicants ensure that design proposals		
	respond sensitively to the character of the surrounding area. The design and layout should be safe, attractive and functional. It should avoid potential		
	conflicts between the various users and make car travel the lowest priority. It should be designed in a way that connects together the new development to the		
	Public Rights of Way network and the nearest public transport facility.		
	Policy T3		
	Enabling Sustainable Travel Modes of Transport and the Design and Layout of Parking for New Developments Prioritising Active and Sustainable Modes of		
	<u>Travel</u>		

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
	In order to prioritise sustainable and active modes of travel planning applications (excluding householder applications) will be required to demonstrate through the design process the need for parking provision. New development, will only be permitted where:		
	i. Priority is given for active and e-mobility travel and car clubs (unless the applicant can demonstrate that this would not be appropriate);		
	ii. Parking is provided on site, it will have there are facilities for charging of plug in and other ultra-low emission vehicles in safe, accessible and convenient locations in accordance with the Building Regulations:		
	iii. The design incorporates parking provision, which has drop off spaces, vehicular access and kerbside space for servicing and loading where appropriate:		
	iv. Opportunities have been explored through the design process to incorporate, where appropriate shared spaces;		
	v. As part of the overall design the scheme takes account of the character of the surrounding area in accordance with High Quality Places SPD or its successor; and		
	vi. The design provides attractive, landscaped and safe parking areas which are overlooked by dwellings or other areas of active public use providing surveillance and are accompanied with associated long term maintenance plans;		
	vii. Signage and lighting is provided in places where it is necessary which are of a high quality design appropriate to the location;		

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
	viii. Includes permeable parking surfaces unless there are overriding evidenced reasons that prevents their use; and		
	ix. Any surfaces used should be appropriate to the site context and expected level of use.		
MM19 (Policy T4)	Policy T4 Access for New Developments	To improve clarity, some of the criteria from Policy T3 have	PM182, PM194
	New development, excluding householder applications, will be permitted where it accords with the development plan and where it:	been moved to T4	
	i. Prioritises the needs of walking, wheeling and cycling safe and attractive routes to, from and within the site which connect to existing Public Rights of Way network outside the site boundary and the nearest public transport stop, minimising the scope for conflicts between all users;		
	ii. Addresses the needs of people with disabilities, children and those with reduced mobility in relation to all modes of transport; including the provision of appropriate crossings at appropriate locations;		
	iii. Allows for access to, and movement within, the site in a safe, low speed and effective manner, having regard to the amenities of occupiers of the site, and adjacent land and to the requirements of the emergency services and service providers, including turning facilities and manoeuvrability for emergency vehicles as appropriate in accordance with the most current guidance; and		
	iv. Makes provision for access to the site in accordance with any highway requirements on the grounds of safety, including the provision of gateways, visibility splays, access to adopted highways and accompanying signage that may be required;		

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
	v. The design incorporates parking provision, which has drop off spaces, vehicular access and kerbside space for servicing and loading where appropriate; and		
	<u>v.vi.</u> Any sites that are likely to generate large numbers of HGV movements need to be in reasonable proximity and accessible to Major Road Network or the Strategic Road Network.		
Biodiversity a	and the Natural Environment		
MM20 (Policy NE1)	Supporting text:	Comments from Historic England, the	PM20, PM21, PM22, PM23
,	Key Issues (p.134)	Environment Agency,	·
	Amend criterion iv as follows –	and Hampshire County Council	
	The Local Plan helps to ensure that the landscape and natural environment of the	, ,	
	district which is valued so highly is protected and enhanced. The complex		
	interplay between landscape, the natural environment, historic features		
	and cultural connections means that an integrated approach to their		
	management is recommended.		
	7.23		
	In order to ensure that the Local Plan accords with the guidance in the NPPF and supports the aims set out in the council's nature emergency declaration the preferred approach is to include an overarching strategic policy that sets out the		
	council's aspirations in respect of promoting the protection and enhancement of biodiversity and all aspects of the natural environment. Measures could include		
	hedgehog highways, swift bricks, bat bricks / boxes and appropriate planting.		
	The emerging Hampshire Local Nature Recovery Strategy includes maps of the most valuable areas for wildlife, opportunities to improve nature in		
	the future and local priorities for nature recovery.		
	and takes and look pricings for haddle looking		

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
	Strategic Policy NE1 Protecting and enhancing Biodiversity and the Natural Environment in the district Amendments to criteria ii and criterion v as follows - ii. Safeguards features of the natural environment and nature conservation interest and makes nature based solutions part of the plans to tackle the climate emergency. These should include measures to retain, conserve and enhance habitats, including, internationally, nationally and locally designated sites, priority habitats, networks of ecological interest, ancient woodland, water features, hedgerows and wetland pastures as corridors and stepping- stones for wildlife and relevant local priorities for nature recovery in the Hampshire Local Nature Recovery Strategy; v. Normally any mitigation, compensation and enhancement measures are required to be delivered on-site, unless special circumstances dictate that off site mitigation or compensation is more appropriate. Off site or aA financial contribution, in lieu of on-site mitigation, will only be considered in limited circumstances and where it is demonstrated that the proposed mitigation is deliverable and effective; and		
MM91 (Policy NE2)	 i. The local planning authority will support the retention and development of existing major commercial, educational and MOD establishments that occupy rural locations in the district, where this will help them continue to contribute to the district's economic prosperity; ii. Any application for development is preceded by, and is consistent should provide with, should provide a comprehensive and evidence based site wide masterplan which demonstrates how high quality design will be delivered for the whole site which has involved and engaged with stakeholders and interested parties before it is agreed by the council. 	For clarity.	

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
MM21 (Policy NE3)	Supporting text Paragraph 7.28 Given existing shortfalls in provision, and to achieve the required improvements, it is important that all existing facilities are retained. Therefore all current open space areas and built sports facilities will be protected against development for other uses, unless exceptionally improvements can be achieved by relocating them, it can be shown that they are no longer needed or the benefit of the proposed alternative use to the community outweighs the harm caused by the loss of the facility. In such circumstances any proposals should be accompanied by a detailed assessment which clearly demonstrates that the loss of that open space would not be detrimental, and the benefits are clearly outlined. Paragraph 7.29 The Open Space Assessment 2022 specifies the amount and type of facilities currently available, by Parish, together with an assessment of deficiency which will be updated and proposals made as necessary in the Local Plan. The Council will seek to enhance and improve the quality of existing open spaces particularly where deficiencies are identified. The Council will work with partner organisations such as PfSH to provide additional strategic open space such as Suitable Alternative Natural Greenspaces (SANGs). Table 2: Built Facilities Standards (quantity and access by walking or driving) (p.140) Amendments to the first row as follows -	Comments from Hampshire County Council and HIWWT. To ensure clarity.	PM24, PM25, PM199

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
	Standard per 1000 population: 1.0 ha./1000 population Access: 700m-54.5m²		
	Facility/ population: 0.8 ha./1000 population Access: 400m-1 per 11,000		
	Walking distance: 0.5 ha./1000 population Access: 480m Toddler and Junior 650m Youth-20 minutes		
	Driving catchment: 0.2 ha./1000 population Access: 480m-15 minutes		
MM22 (Policy NE4)	Supporting text: Paragraph 7.32	Comments from Historic England and Natural England.	PM26, PM27, PM28, PM197, PM202
	Well-designed GI (in accordance with the GI principles set out by Natural England) can also add value to properties and attract investment in an area by enhancing its character and local distinctiveness. Key green infrastructure assets and opportunities within the district include: - • River corridors, tributaries and valleys of the Itchen, Meon, Hamble, Wallington and Dever which are of considerable biodiversity, landscape and recreation value; • Disused railway corridors (e.g. at Bishops Waltham, Meon Valley, Winchester, Kings Worthy to Sutton Scotney and Alresford to Winchester); • Important public rights of way such as the South Downs Way, Itchen Navigation Heritage Project, and Keats Walk, Winchester; • Natural and semi-natural greenspaces such as chalk downlands e.g. at Whiteshute Ridge and Shawford Down. • Areas of accessible and/or ancient woodland, including those of the Forest of Bere (e.g. West Walk, Creech Woods, Whiteley Pastures); • Farmland which makes up around 73% of the district, which is predominantly	For clarity and effectiveness.	

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
	arable land in the north, downlands and pasture in the south along the river valleys; • Historic parks, Scheduled Monuments, Registered Battlefields and landscape features such as park pales, veteran trees, and sunken lanes; and • Formal and informal recreation areas such as Farley Mount. Paragraph 7.34 Well-planned green infrastructure should be incorporated into development proposals integrating and building upon the existing green network. It should contribute to high quality development and economic prosperity by making places attractive to residents and businesses and improving the health and well-being of the local and wider community. It should respect and respond to local landscape character, including features of heritage significance, and integrate with sustainable transport and green tourism initiatives, expanding upon existing provision.		
	Paragraph 7.35 Green infrastructure also forms a valuable contribution to the setting of Winchester Town, through extensive tree coverage and areas of open land such as the Water Meadows, which come into heart of the town providing public access to the wider countryside. Some of this countryside is within the South Downs National Park. The River Itchen also passes through the Town and is protected by international and national designation recognising the exceptional quality of this chalk river and its environs.		
	Policy NE4 Green and Blue Infrastructure Planning permission will be granted for development proposals that The		

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
	local planning authority will support development proposals that: - maintain protect and enhance the function or the integrity of the existing green infrastructure network identified at as district and sub district level, including strategic blue and green corridors and spaces, as illustrated on Map 9 and as shown on the Policies Map, particularly where the proposal allows for the enhancement of GI both on-site and in the immediate area using important local character features, including existing planting, trees, groups of trees, copses, wetland, hedgerows and opportunities for wild food foraging; Provide a measurable net gain of well-managed, multifunctional green infrastructure, in accordance with the categories and standards specified in Policy NE3 and appropriate for the scale of development, through on-site provision which:-		
	i. Addresses deficits in local green infrastructure provision where appropriate; ii. Incorporates in landscaping schemes natural planting of at least 50% pollinator friendly planting of predominantly native species; iii. Integrates with the green network/ grid identified at the district and subregional level (as illustrated on Map 9);		
	iv. Provides a high-quality natural environment with biodiversity interest; The green infrastructure shall be accessible for all with high levels of accessibility in primary areas, and promote health, wellbeing, community and cohesion and active living; encourages public access to and within the natural environment where appropriate;		
	 i. Allows for adaptation to climate change; ii. Is well planned to allow cost effective ongoing management of the GI; iii. Is accompanied by a management plan; iv. Links areas of biodiversity; v. Is provided at the earliest feasible stage; 		

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
	vi. Includes proposals for walking, cycling and equestrian routes provided they contribute to a network of attractive and functional non-motorised travel routes, with appropriate signage, throughout the district; vii. Protect the following disused railway line routes and associated infrastructure including the access routes to them, (Bishops Waltham, Meon Valley and Winchester) within the district as shown on the Policies Map, so they are safeguarded for existing, and potential future use as non-motorised travel routes. Protect and support the proposals that facilitate future uses and enhancements for non-motorised travel routes where necessary on the: South Downs Way; Wickham to West Meon (Meon Valley Trail); and New Alresford to Kingsworthy (Watercress Way). viii. Watercourses are safeguarded and improved for quality, amenity, biodiversity and quantity. Where it can be established that onsite provision is not possible financial contributions will be required for the provision and management of GI sites and will be negotiated on a site-by-site basis.		
MM23 (Policy NE5)	7.39 Winchester district has many areas which are noted for their natural beauty and biodiversity value. These areas also support a wide variety of species and habitats, and form an important part of the network of biodiversity sites within the wider environment. They include the Itchen chalk river, the Upper Hamble Estuary and Woods and coastal habitats of the Solent and Southampton Water. The importance of these areas is recognised by the statutory and policy protection afforded to nationally protected sites including Special Areas of Conservation (SAC), Compensatory SAC's and Special Protection Areas	Update in response to the HRA Addendum and comments from Natural England and Nature Space.	PM196, PM29, PM30, PM31, PM32

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
	(SPA), as well as to Ramsar wetland sites. Plans or projects proposing development that is not directly connected with the management of these sites, but that is likely to have a significant effect on them, must ensure that effects are avoided or adequately mitigated. If adverse effects on site integrity cannot be avoided or mitigated then reasons of overriding public interest must be demonstrated and compensation measures provided.		
	7.44 In addition, the Habitats Regulation Assessment and Sustainability Appraisal advise that a strategic approach to air quality management is required, including a strategic assessment of the Plan from impacts from air quality. This is to ensure the continued protection of sites of national importance, as well as local nature conservation sites given the planned level of growth. The location of air quality monitoring sites and the setting of thresholds to trigger further investigation should be determined through lower level assessments and, where appropriate, be applied as a condition on planning permissions		
	7.45 The Council is part of the Solent Recreation Mitigation Partnership (SRMP), also known as Bird Aware Solent. The Council has worked with the Partnership to form a Mitigation Strategy to counteract impacts associated with recreation pressure from residential development within 5.6km (the 'zone of influence') of Statutory Designated Habitat Sites in the Solent (Solent & Southampton Water SPA/Ramsar; Chichester & Langstone Harbours SPA/Ramsar; Portsmouth Harbour SPA; and Solent & Dorset Coast SPA). Development proposals that result in a net increase in residential units will need to demonstrate that negative effects can be avoided or mitigated by contributing or they must contribute towards the strategic mitigation measures put in place by Bird Aware Solent. Some other types of development (such as care homes.		
	Aware Solent. Some other types of development (such as care homes, student accommodation) may also need to address recreational		

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
	disturbance both alone and in-combination. Development will be assessed		
	on a case-by-case basis.		
	New paragraph after current paragraph 7.49:		
	Winchester City Council holds a Great Crested Newt Organisational (or		
	"District") License granted by Natural England ¹ . The associated District Licensing Scheme, which is currently administered and managed by NatureSpace Partnership, and provides an alternative licensing option for developers to address impacts on protected great crested newts by		
	enabling a 'conservation payment' towards high-quality habitat creation and long-term management and monitoring. In the District Licensing		
	Scheme, developers can engage with NatureSpace at the pre-application stage or at the planning application stage. It is based on a great crested newt landscape- scale conservation strategy, which aims to focus the		
	creation of new habitats where they will be of maximum benefit to the species, whilst also reducing risk and uncertainty through the planning		
	process for developers and planning authorities. The strategy results in a range of other biodiversity benefits and contributes towards nature		
	recovery at the landscape scale.		
	¹ District Licensing Scheme for Great Crested Newts - Winchester City Council		
	Policy NE5 Biodiversity		
	Amendment to criterion iv as follows – New development will be required to avoid adverse impacts, or if unavoidable		

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
	ensure that impacts are appropriately mitigated, including impacts on to		
	functionally linked land and SAC compensatory habitats are appropriately		
	avoided, mitigated or compensated in line with mitigation hierarchy and		
	will be subject to HRA. Developments within 500 metres of the SPA/Ramsar		
	FLL Habitats Site, Compensatory Habitats Site or Functionally Linked		
	Land (FLL) should produce a Construction Environmental Management Plan		
	(CEMP) to address potential impacts to these habitats during the construction		
	phase;		
MM24 (Policy NE6)	Supporting text:	Comments from Southern Water,	PM33, PM34, PM35
	7.55	Historic England and	
	It is important that there is adequate capacity both on and off the site to serve	the Environment	
	development and that it would not lead to problems for existing users. Where	Agency	
	there is a capacity problem constraint on the main public water or		
	wastewater network, we encourage the developer to work closely with the		
	service provider on the delivery of the required network reinforcement to		
	ensure there is no detriment to the operation of the network caused by		
	the wastewater flows or water consumption from the development. and no		
	improvements are programmed by the water company, the council will require		
	the developer to fund appropriate improvements which must be The work		
	should be completed prior to occupation of the development, and phasing of		
	the occupation may be required in tandem with the delivery of the		
	<u>infrastructure</u> .		
	New paragraph after current paragraph 7.59:		
	The impact of flooding on the historic environment should be considered		
	by development proposals. This includes but is not limited to the		
	vulnerability of heritage assets and their potential harm to or loss of		

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
11010101100	significance, the implications of flood risk on securing sustainable use for		1010101100
	heritage assets and the potential impact of flood risk management		
	measures on heritage assets and their setting. Any flood prevention		
	measures should consider how heritage assets are safeguarded and		
	reduce any potential harm to the historic environment"		
	Policy NE6		
	Flooding, Flood Risk and the Water Environment		
	Amendment to criteria viii as follows –		
	Prioritise and explore the opportunities for Natural Flood Management for all		
	proposals in areas at risk of flooding for the lifetime of the development before		
	any hard engineering flood defences or water attenuation measures are		
	proposed. These should ensure there is no net loss of floodplain storage		
	capacity or obstruction to flood flow routes, be designed to maximise the		
	benefit to flood risk management, water quality, biodiversity, and amenity to provide attenuation and biodiversity enhancement;		
	provide attendation and blodiversity enhancement,		
MM25 (Policy NE7)	Policy NE7 Settlement Gaps	To improve clarity	PM187
	Cottlement Sups		
	Amendment to first paragraph as follows –		
	The local planning authority will retain the generally open and undeveloped nature of the following defined settlement gaps as shown on the Policies Map :		
MM26 (Policy NE8)	Supporting text:	Comments from South Downs	PM36, PM37, PM38, PM39, PM40, PM41

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
	7.68 The National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act, as amended by Section 245 of the Levelling Up and Regeneration Act 2023, in	National Park Authority	
	exercising or performing functions in relation to the South Downs National Park relevant authorities must seek to further taken to statutory purposes of the South Downs National Park. The National Park purposes are:		
	To conserve and enhance the natural beauty, wildlife and cultural heritage of the area.		
	 To promote opportunities for the understand and enjoyment of the special qualities of the National Park by the public. 		
	7.69 The NPPF states that great weight should be given to conserving and enhancing landscape and scenic beauty in National Parks and that development within their setting should be sensitively located and designed to avoid or minimise adverse impacts on the designated areas. A considerable amount of land within the district is immediately adjacent to the boundary within the setting of the SDNP and development there could have the potential to cause adverse impacts if this is not considered early in the planning stage. It is therefore considered to have a plan which is silent on impacts on the national park is not a suitable alternative policy approach.		
	7.70		
	In delivering pursuit of the National Park's purposes, the National Park Authority has a duty to seek to foster the social and economic well-being of the local communities within the National Park.		
	7.71		
	The South Downs National Park is an International Dark Sky Reserve. The		

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
	adopted South Downs National Park Local Plan identifies a dark sky core and buffer and transition zones. Development proposals in close proximity to within the setting of the National Park and have significant external lighting are expected to refer to the Dark Skies Technical Advice Note published by the SDNPA and demonstrate how it conserves or enhances the intrinsic qualities of the dark night sky and the setting of the national park.		
	7.72		
	The adopted South Downs National Park Local Plan is supported by assessments of landscape character and tranquillity.		
	Policy NE8 South Downs National Park		
	Development in close proximity within the setting of the South Downs National Park will only be permitted where it would be in accordance with the statutory purposes and duty for National Parks as specified in the National Parks and Access to Countryside Act 1949, as amended by the Environment Act 1995 Section 245 of the Levelling Up and Regeneration Act 2023, and where they conserve and enhance the intrinsic quality of dark night skies and the setting of the National Park.		
	Development proposals in close proximity to within the setting of the South Downs National Park are expected to take account of the National Park assessments of landscape and tranquillity and demonstrate how a proposal conserves and enhances the special qualities of the Park.		
MM27 (Policy NE10)	Supporting text: New paragraph after current 7.82:	Comments from Hampshire County Council	PM42

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
	In the circumstance where the Education Authority has received approval for the loss of school playing fields from the Secretary of State, in accordance with Section 77 of the Schools Standards and Framework Act 1998, an exception may be made to this policy where equivalent or greater community benefits are provided.		
MM28 (Policy NE12)	Supporting text: Deletion of paragraphs 7.95 and 7.96: 7.95 Proposals will need to comply with all other relevant policies of the Plan and attention is drawn in particular to Policy NE14 Rural Character, and Policies D5, T2, T3 and T4 which set out site design and layout considerations. Proposals within the Settlement Gaps identified in Policy NE7 should have regard to the requirements of that policy. 7.96 Residential accommodation will not generally be permitted in association with equestrian development, unless an essential operational need as set out in policy H11 can be demonstrated. The criteria in policy H11 will apply in such cases, including the imposition of occupancy restrictions on any residential accommodation permitted. Policy NE12 Equestrian Development Horse related facilities and development related to grazing and equestrian enterprises, including stables, training areas, riding centres or studs, will be permitted where a countryside location is necessary, provided they comply with the other policies of the Development Plan and: i.Make best use of existing infrastructure most notably existing vehicular and field access, tracks, bridleways, byways, utilities and buildings;	Paragraphs not specifically related to policy NE12 For clarification	PM198

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
	ii. Respect existing landscape character and minimise visual impact, by means of location, scale, appearance and design; iii. Do not involve the erection of new buildings, or associated features such as hard standing, parking or manure storage sites, where they would harm the existing landscape through isolated or scattered development; iv. Do not harm the character of the area by reason of the cumulative impact when considered with other similar enterprises in the area; v. Do not involve the use of eonstruction materials, boundary treatments, floodlighting, siting of areas of hard-standing, new or extended access routes, or other infrastructure related to the equestrian development that would have an adverse unacceptable impact on the appearance of the landscape; vi. Artificial lighting will only be permitted where visually acceptable and essential to support the operation of the use. Its design and operation may be limited by condition in order to minimise light pollution in the countryside; vii. Do not have an unacceptable impact on residential amenities in the vicinity; viii.Include a satisfactory landscaping scheme, providing screening, boundary treatment and provision for future maintenance where appropriate; ix. Includes details for the storage and removal of manure from the site; and x. Do not cause material harm to hedgerows and arable field margins and where appropriate enhance existing hedgerows. The development of residential accommodation in connection with equestrian development will not generally be permitted unless it is in accordance with the requirements of policy H11. The development of visitor accommodation in association with equestrian development will be considered in relation to the criteria of policy SP3.		
MM29 (Policy NE16)	Supporting text: 7.112 The council needs to consider the impacts of nitrogen on the Solent SAC which covers sites in the south of the district. The issues with phosphorus <u>and</u>	Comments from Natural England	PM43, PM44, PM205, PM203

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
	nitrogen draining into the catchment for the River Itchen covers a significant part of the district including areas to the north and east of Winchester and Natural England advises that phosphorus and nitrogen are causing adverse environmental effects on the quality of the river.	Identified by the Council in the MIQ's for clarity and effectiveness/ completeness	
	There are a number of strategic mitigation sites that have been brought forward over the few years by landowners both in the district and neighbouring areas. Developers can acquire nutrient credits from these land owners, which equate to and 'offset' the amount of mitigation required for a development, to ensure that any adverse impact upon the quality of the water environment of protected sites is avoided. The Council have produced a Nutrient Topic Paper which sets out the supply of nutrient mitigation, including the Council's own mitigation schemes. Details of available and suitable third party mitigation schemes are provided on the Council's website¹.	to clarify how mitigation can be achieved	
	7.115 The Local Plan may be able to help by allocating land for use in mitigation which could include using nature based solutions such as planting woodland or creating wetland habitat in appropriate locations. Any nutrient mitigation schemes brought forward should be agreed with Natural England. New paragraph after current paragraph 7.115 — The Local Nature Recovery Strategy for Hampshire should, when published, be used to guide the location and design of nutrient mitigation schemes to ensure that they make positive contribution towards the Local Nature Recovery Network, in particular, the identified priorities for nature recovery		

¹ Nutrient Neutrality - What developers need to know - Winchester City Council

as set out in Local Nature Recovery Strategy.		
Policy NE16 Nutrient Neutrality Water Quality Effects on the Special Protection Areas (SPAs), Special Areas of Conservation (SACs) and Ramsar Sites of the Solent and the River Itchen		
Amendment to criterion i as follows –		
Planning permission will only be granted where the integrity of nationally protected sites is not adversely affected by new overnight development.		
Amendment to criterion ii as follows:		
When assessing applications for development the impacts of increased nutrients from these sites will be considered. Permission will be granted only where effects can either be excluded or, if that is not possible, mitigation by nutrient neutrality is achieved following the guidance provided by Natural England 		
thereby avoiding any adverse impact upon the quality of the water environment of the sites; and		
Supporting text: 7.118 A small number of Salant Wader and Brent Coope Strategy (SWBCS) sites	Update in response to the HRA Addendum and comments from	PM45, PM46, PM47, PM48, PM49
	Nutrient Neutrality Water Quality Effects on the Special Protection Areas (SPAs), Special Areas of Conservation (SACs) and Ramsar Sites of the Solent and the River Itchen Amendment to criterion i as follows — Planning permission will only be granted where the integrity of nationally protected sites is not adversely affected by new overnight. development. Amendment to criterion ii as follows: When assessing applications for development the impacts of increased nutrients from these sites will be considered. Permission will be granted only where effects can either be excluded or, if that is not possible, mitigation by nutrient neutrality is achieved following the guidance provided by Natural England	

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
	("functionally linked land") are identified around the Upper Hamble as	the Environment	
	supporting high tide roosts of birds from the Solent and Southampton	Agency.	
	SPA/Ramsar. The Solent Wader and Brent Goose mapping is available on		
	Solent Waders & Brent Goose Strategy – coastal bird conservation, waders		
	and brent geese data and mapping solentwbgs.wordpress.com. There is a		
	minimum requirement of one year's ecological survey to confirm the		
	classification of a site (three years where classification is disputed).		
	New paragraph after current 7.123:		
	The creation of buffer zones between built development and		
	river/watercourse banks (at a minimum of 10 metres ¹) provide multiple		
	benefits for water quality, pollution prevention, flood risk management,		
	habitat connection and biodiversity.		
	¹ 3D buffer strips		
	Policy NE17		
	Rivers, watercourses and their settings		
	Development proposals that affect rivers, watercourses or their settings will be		
	permitted where they conserve and enhance the following;		
	i. Water quality and quantity, and help achieve requirements of the Water Framework Directive and Habitats Regulations or their replacement, in the case of the River Itchen SAC and Upper Hamble (Solent Maritime SAC, and Solent & Southampton Water SPA/Ramsar); SAC compensatory habitats on the River Meon. River Dever. River Dun. Bourne Rivulet. and River Test; and habitats		
	of the River Itchen SAC and Upper Hamble (Solent Maritime SAC, and Solent &		

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
	(SWBGS);		
	ii. Ability of groundwater, surface water features and watercourse corridors to function as natural flood management areas throughout seasonal variations, within the immediate vicinity, and both upstream and downstream of the site of the proposal including for flood risk management purposes; and		
	Specifically for surface water features and watercourse corridors; iii. Increasing biodiversity;		
	iv. Character, appearance and setting;		
	v. Public access to and along the waterway for recreational opportunities and the importance of providing canopy shading for both the natural water environment and for people walking beside the waterway;		
	vi. Include measures to eliminate risk of pollution to groundwater, surface water and watercourse corridor features which would harm their ecological and/or chemical status.		
	vii. Creation of adequate natural buffers zones between riverbanks/watercourse banks and any built development. These buffer zones should be kept free of any structures to allow the natural watercourse environment to flourish;		
	The loss of habitats identified as 'Primary Support Areas', 'Secondary Support Areas' or 'Low Use' sites in the SWBGS do not require <u>project level</u> HRA but <u>and if identified</u> mitigation / compensation should be provided in line with the SWBGS.		

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
The Historic I		10	D1450
MM31 (Policy HE1)	8.4 The historic environment is an irreplaceable resource that needs to be protected and enhanced for the benefit of current and future generations. Currently there are 110 Scheduled Monuments, 2,271 listed buildings, 11 historic Registered parks and gardens, 37 Conservation Areas and a historic battlefield at Cheriton, which fall within the Winchester district	Comments from Historic England	PM50
MM32 (Policy HE2)	Policy HE2 All Heritage Assets (both designated & non-designated)	Comments from Historic England	PM51, PM176
	Heritage assets should be conserved in a manner appropriate to their significance. Applicants must describe the significance of any affected heritage assets, including any contribution made by their settings, using appropriate expertise and assessment, including a desk-based assessment (where a site on which development is proposed includes, or has the potential to include, heritage assets with archaeological interest), and where necessary heritage impact assessment and/or field evaluation. (the results from which needs to be submitted in a Heritage Statement).		
	All applications which affect or may affect heritage assets should be accompanied by a Heritage Statement, proportionate to the nature of the development and heritage interest, describing the significance of affected heritage assets (including any contribution to significance made by and/or their settings), the degree and nature of impact upon that significance and how the proposals minimise or mitigate any harm. For minor or householder applications, where there is a limited impact on heritage assets, this can be incorporated into the Design and Access Statement. Any proposals directly affecting buildings and other structures for heritage assets included in the council's 'Buildings at		

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
	Risk Register', or the Historic England 'Heritage At Risk Register', shall include works including repairs to enable the removal of the heritage assets from those registers. improve the condition of those buildings/structures.		
MM92 (Policy HE3)	Reword footnote 1 as follows: 'Registered battlefields, grade I and II* listed buildings , grade I and II* registered parks and gardens, scheduled'	Result of hearing session	
MM33 (Policy HE6)	Policy HE6 Scheduled Monuments and Nationally Important Non-designated Archaeological Assets Proposals should take a positive approach to archaeology, by avoiding locating development on sensitive areas and designing development that responds positively to the significance of archaeological features, including their settings. Applications for planning permission which affect, or may affect a scheduled monument, or its setting, should be supported by appropriate and proportionate evidence on the significance of the asset (including the contribution to significance made by its setting) and the steps that would be taken to avoid and minimise harm. Where harm is unavoidable, proposals should explain the reasons why and outline steps to minimise harm. Historic England should be notified where a sScheduled mMonument eConsent (SMC) is required in addition to planning permission and/or if the proposals may affect a Scheduled Monument and/or its setting. Applications which affect, or may affect, a non- designated heritage	Comments from Historic England	PM52
	Applications which affect, or may affect, a non- designated heritage archaeological asset that is potentially of national importance will be required to provide appropriate and proportionate evidence on the significance of the		

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
	asset (including the contribution to significance made by its setting) and the steps that would be taken to <u>firstly</u> avoid <u>harm and if unavoidable to</u> and minimise harm.		
	The Winchester City Council Archaeological Advisor / Archaeologist should be consulted on proposals that have the potential to affect either type of asset to determine what evidence would be required.		
	Applications will be determined also in accordance with Policy HE3 on designated heritage assets. Additionally, proposals should take a positive approach to archaeology, by avoiding locating development on sensitive areas and designing development that responds positively to the significance of archaeological features, including their settings.		
	New paragraph after 8.11		
	Non-designated heritage assets of archaeological interest, which are demonstrably of equivalent significance to scheduled monuments, will be assessed against the policies for designated heritage assets.	Further changes from Historic England in their hearing statement	
MM34 (Policy HE7)	Policy HE7 Non-designated Archaeological Assets	Comments from Historic England	PM53, PM54
	In addition to the policies that apply to all heritage assets and non-designated heritage assets, the following also applies.		
	Development proposals should be supported by proportionate evidence describing the significance of any archaeological assets affected, including any contribution made by their settings. Where a development site includes or has the potential to include archaeological assets, early discussions will need to take place with the Council/archaeological advisor. A desk-based assessment and, where necessary the results of a field evaluation (conducted by a suitably qualified archaeological organisation), must be submitted to the local planning		

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	Where development affecting archaeological assets is permitted, developers will be required to record and advance understanding of any assets to be lost (wholly or in part) in accordance with a written programme of archaeological investigation, including excavation, recording and analysis, to be undertaken by an appropriately qualified archaeological organisation. The results and analysis of investigations should be published and provided to the local authority for inclusion in the Winchester Historic Environment Record. Where development affecting archaeological assets is permitted, developers will be required to record and advance understanding of any assets to be lost (wholly or in part) in accordance with a written programme of archaeological investigation, including excavation, recording and analysis, to be undertaken by an appropriately qualified archaeological organisation. The results and analysis of investigations should be published and provided to the local authority for inclusion in the Winchester Historic Environment Record		
MM93	Switch criterion ii with criterion iii and replace 'and' with 'or' in the new criterion iii	Result of further Historic	
(Policy HE9)	i. Deal comprehensively with the intended use and operation of the whole building and site, and contain sufficiently detailed information to understand the full impact of the proposals internally and externally;	England suggested changes	
	ii. Propose a use which would not be harmful to the significance of the building (including its setting);		
	iii. Satisfactorily demonstrate that the building is structurally capable of accommodating the proposed change of use and clearly justify any harm or the need for extensive intervention or reconstruction; and		
	ii. Satisfactorily demonstrate that the building is structurally capable of accommodating the proposed change of use and clearly justify any harm or the need for extensive intervention or reconstruction;		

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	iii. Propose a use which would not be harmful to the significance of the building (including its setting) or		
	iv. Demonstrate how any unavoidable harm to the significance of the building is justified in accordance with Policy HE3 on designated heritage assets.		
MM94 (Policy	Policy HE10 Within conservation areas, development proposals which conserve preserve or	Result of hearing session	
HE10)	enhance the character and significance, appearance or special architectural or historic interest of the area, and accord with the Development Plan, will be permitted provided that: their significance (as informed by their character and appearance, and special architectural or historic interest) and accord with the Development Plan, will be permitted provided that:		
	viii. Incorporate any energy efficiency or energy generation measures into the design of the proposals in a manner that has an acceptable impact on the which is sensitive to the special character or and appearance of the area, in accordance with Policy HE14.		
MM95	Policy HE11 i. Makes no positive contribution to the significance , character and or	Result of hearing session	
(Policy HE11 and in the contents page).	appearance and significance, of the area, either individually or as part of a group, or in more general views within or from outside the conservation area; or of the area, either individually or as part of a group, or in more general views within the conservation area, or in views from outside the conservation area looking inwards; or		
MM35 (Policy HE12)	Policy HE12 Registered Historic Parks and Gardens Proposals which accord with the Development Plan will be permitted provided	Comments from Historic England.	PM56

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	they <u>conserve and/or enhance</u> do not result in unacceptable harm to or loss of the significance or distinctive character of a Registered Historic Park and Garden <u>and any associated designated heritage assets in accordance with policy HE3. Proposals that conserve and/or enhance a Park and Garden identified on Local Registers (including the Hampshire Gardens Trust Register of Parks, Gardens and Green Spaces) <u>will be supported</u> or results in the loss or deterioration of associated designated heritage assets (in accordance with policy HE3)."</u>	Further comments from Historic England in their hearing statement	
MM36 (Policy HE14)	Policy HE14 Improvements or Alterations to Improve the Energy Efficiency of Historic Heritage Assets Any improvements or alternations that are designed to improve the energy efficiency of designated and non- designated historic assets will be supported providing that it can be clearly demonstrated that: i. The proposals represent an appropriate strategy for the individual historic building, based on a whole building approach that takes account of the building's fabric and location, as well as the needs of its occupants. Proposals should conserve or enhance key features of special interest where possible, and minimise and justify unavoidable harm; and an appropriate assessment and they meet the requirements of the NPPF in terms of assessing the significance of harm to the heritage asset; and ii. Any proposals which harm the structural integrity, character or significance of the building including through its setting, are clearly outweighed by public benefits as set out in Policy HE3 on designated heritage assets and Policy HE4 on non- designated heritage assets.	To address a point of consistency Comments from Historic England	PM57, PM58

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Homes for All			1
Homes for All MM37 (Policy H1)	Supporting text: Table H2 – Winchester District Housing Need and Provision Add footnote to unmet needs allowance figure of 1,900 (**) as follows: "** It has been agreed that to reflect the total unmet need in the housing market area would necessitate the following; • To Portsmouth City Council: 30% apportionment of the unmet need housing allowance in the Winchester District Local Plan; • To Havant Borough Council: 70% apportionment of the unmet need housing allowance in the Winchester District Local Plan; (based upon the unmet need allowance of 1,900 homes, this would equate to 570 homes for Portsmouth City and 1,330 homes for Havant Borough)." Strategic Policy H1 Housing Provision Housing will be permitted to provide for the scale, types and tenures of housing needed in the Local Plan area over the Plan period (2020-2040), including a contribution towards the unmet needs of adjoining areas. Provision is made for the development of about 15,115 15,040 dwellings (net) in this period (excluding the South Downs National Park area), by prioritising suitable previously developed land within defined settlement boundaries, completion of strategic allocations at Kings Barton (North Winchester), Newlands (West of Waterlooville) and North Whiteley, and delivery of sites allocated within and adjoining the most sustainable settlements, in accordance with the Local Plan's spatial strategy (set out in Policy SP2). Housing development will be distributed between the three spatial areas as follows: i. Winchester Town about 5,640 5,590 dwellings	To reflect the approach agreed in updated Statements of Common Ground with Portsmouth City Council and Havant Borough Council.	PM60, PM173
	ii. South Hampshire Urban Areas about 5,650 dwellings		

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	iii. Market Towns and Rural Area about 3,825 3,800 dwellings.		
MM38 (Policy H3)	Strategic Policy H3 Spatial Housing Distribution Amend housing provision figures in the table as follows: Winchester Town: 5,640 5,590 Market Towns and Rural Area: 3,825 3,800 Market Towns: 1,375 1,325 Larger Rural Settlements: 1,570 1,540 Intermediate Rural Settlements: 360 325 Remaining Rural Area: 520 610 Winchester District: 15,115 15,040	To address error in calculations	PM177
MM39 (Policy H6)	Supporting text: 9.49 The Government has recently announced measures which are intended to support the delivery of strategic mitigation solutions, and reduce the impact of new development on the quality of the water environment in the first place by 2030, but the impact of these in relation to development viability are not yet known so cannot be quantified at the present time. Given this uncertainty it is considered appropriate that agreements to secure affordable housing include measures to secure further contributions to affordable housing should those costs reduce significantly following introduction of Best Available	To clarify the circumstances in which the Council envisages the review of costs set out in the third paragraph of Policy H6 will be undertaken.	PM214, PM61

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	Technology at Waste Water Treatment works in 2030. Any significant changes relating to the affordability of mitigation will be reported in the Authority Monitoring Report. Further iterations of this Plan will reflect additional experience and understanding of development viability, including mitigating the impacts of phosphorus and reductions in sustainable construction costs, and therefore how this impacts on the costs of development in the affected area.	To ensure the Policy is in line with paragraph 9.42 of the supporting text.	
	Policy H6 Affordable Housing		
	Amend text as follows: For market led housing schemes, the affordable housing, should be provided in accordance with the following proportions, with social rented as the priority, unless more recent evidence that has been agreed by the Local Planning Authority for that locality demonstrates otherwise -		
MM40	Policy H7		PM62
(Policy H7)	Affordable Housing Exception Sites to Meet Local Needs The following text to be added to the end of paragraph 9.55 - It may be that an opportunity arises for the affordable housing needs of more than one settlement to be met by (and justify) an exception scheme. In those cases, any assessment of local needs should consider and justify the boundaries of the assessed area. This should not normally exceed the area defined by the parish within which the proposal is located and any neighbouring parishes.	Reason – to provide clarity on what is meant by the local area when considering needs.	
	Amend criterion i as follows – The proposal is suitable in terms of its location, size and tenure to meet an identified local housing need that cannot be met within the policies applying to the settlement <u>or area</u> to which that need relates;	For clarification in response to Reg 19 comment from English Rural Housing Association.	
MM90	H9 – Purpose built student accommodation (PBSA)		N/A

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
(Policy H9)			
	Supporting text Proposed new paragraph to follow 9.67 — In addition to higher and further education establishments, there are also boarding schools in the District. In recognition of the nature and requirements of these establishments, proposals for Purpose Built Student Accommodation to serve students aged up to 18 years will be expected to follow the principles set out in Policy H9 in a proportionate way, and no management plan will be sought.	Reason – to clarify how proposals relating to boarding schools will be addressed	
	Policy Proposed new modification to Policy H9 on page 238 of the Plan as follows – Deletion of criterion v and consequential renumbering of remaining criteria accordingly.	The reason for this is to improve the clarity of the policy and avoid unnecessary duplication.	
MM41 (Policy H10)	Policy H10 Houses in Multiple Occupation (HMOs) Amend paragraph 9.70 as follows — 9.70 The policy aims to prevent the over concentration of HMOs in any one street and area but exceptionally a single existing dwelling may be in an area dominated by HMOs and rendered unsuitable for continued use as a dwelling allowing permission to be given for a change of use of that property to an HMO. If so, evidence should be provided to show why continued use as a dwelling is not realistic and that reasonable attempts have been made to use the property or to market it at a reasonable price for a period of twelve months, based on the local property market and provisions of Policy H10. Parking provision for HMOs should accord with local standards, taking into consideration the amount of parking available on and off site, existing parking pressures and the proposed number of bedrooms and expected occupancy. Amend criterion iii as follows -	Reason – to provide clarity on the expected period of marketing.	PM63

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	Would not be detrimental to the amenities of nearby residents, or the overall character and amenity of the surrounding area or the heritage significance of the building;	Post-consultation comments from Historic England	
MM42 (Policy H11)	Policy H11 Housing for Essential Rural Workers Amend text as follows: The design of the dwelling should reflect local distinctiveness and the rural character of its surroundings, while avoiding or mitigating adverse effects on the natural or historic environment and biodiversity.	Post-consultation comments from Historic England	PM64
MM43 (Policy H12)	Policy H12 Provision for Gypsies, Travellers and Travelling Showpeople Amend criterion iv as follows - Sites and the layout proposed should avoid harm to the significance (including the or setting) of heritage assets or biodiversity interests;	Post-consultation comments from Historic England	PM65
MM44 (Policy H13)	Policy H13 Safeguarding Traveller Sites Add footnote as follows - *Site reference numbers relate to sites included in the 2016 Gypsy and Traveller Accommodation Needs Assessment. Sites without a reference number have been permitted since the publication of this document.	For clarification purposes	PM66
Creating a vil	orant economy		
MM45 (Policy E1)	Supporting text: 10.13 The economic strategy of the local plan has been informed by an updated	To correct typographical errors.	PM220, PM228, PM221, PM222, PM225

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification			Reason	Previous Modification reference
	employment land study; the Employ (ETCUS). The main findings of this land are set out below: • Additional employment lane need for the Winchester Plan area. • The current identified supply suggeteness. • No need for large warehousing or sized units, with flexibility between Energy examples are an important contraction of the property of the prop	study regarding fut 2022-2040 of betwo ests sufficient land logistics sites, but I 32/B8 uses. ibution to supply, durrent approach.	ure needs for employment een 27.6ha – 37.838.9ha to meet identified needs. ocalised needs for mid- evelopment is coming	Consequential amendment following Proposed Modification to policy SH4, increasing the flexibility to the type of uses proposed.	
	Table B: Allocated Sites and Estima Site name and notes	ted employment la Total area of site (ha)	Estimated amount of employment land (ha)		
	Bushfield Camp (Policy W5)	20.0	11.8		
	Central Winchester Regeneration (Policy W7)	4.5	1.0		
	Solent Business Park (Policy SH4)	4.0	4.0- <u>2.0</u>		
	Tollgate Sawmill (Policy BW3)	2.2	2.2		
	Morgan's Yard (Policy WC1)	2.8	0.18		
	Total	33.2	19.18 17.18		
	10.17 Therefore, in total the Plan makes p employment land, against an identif Table C: Comparison of need and s	ied need of 27.6ha upply by type of en			
	Site name and notes		ustrial and Total ehousing		
	Identified need – Lower Range	3.3 24.3			

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	Identified need – Upp	oer Range	12.2	26.7	37.8 38.9		
	Supply – current exp	ectations of	17.29 13.29	0.28	17.57 <u>13.57</u>		
	Supply – sites with n prescription	o particular	21.79 23.	79	21.79 23.79		
MM46 (Policy E2)	Strategic Policy E2 Spatial Distribution of Amend text as follows		To ensure the policy is clear and unambiguous.	PM206			
	Appropriate growth ar uses within the key se principles set out in S	nd <u>retention</u> ma ettlements will b			0 , ,		
MM47 (Policy E3)	Supporting text: 10.54 The detailed capacity	findings are se	t out below	_		Correction of typographical errors for clarification	PM227
	Retail Capacity up to Centre Uses Study	• •	sales area	a) <mark>Employm</mark> e	ent and Town		
	Retail Capacity	2020 RTCUS 2029	2024 2034	4 ETCUS 4	2020 &/or 2024 Study 2040		
	Convenience	507 <u>516</u>	516	- <u>507</u>	395		
	Comparison	906 - <u>1,401</u>	1,40)4 <u>906</u>	741		

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MM98 (Policy E5)	Amend para. 10.93 as follows – 10.93 Employment uses are defined as office, industrial and some sui generie other uses that are employment and business-led, as set out in Policy E5 below. It is recognised that there are also a large number of other activities that generate employment that do not fall within this definition. These activities also make a large contribution to the economy of the district and they will be considered in relation the principles set out within Strategic Policy E1. Amend para 10.96 as follows - 10.96 Sui generis uses are uses that do not fall within any specified use class. Whether a particular proposal that is sui generis not within use classes Eq and B2-B8 will fall within the terms of this policy will therefore need to be considered on a case-by-case basis. Some activities that are specifically referred to in the legislation as being sui generis, that would fall within the terms of this policy however, are - scrap yards and car breakers yards, fuel stations, car sales sites, retail warehouse clubs and mineral storage and distribution sites. Amend second paragraph of Policy E5 as follows – For the purposes of this policy, Eemployment uses are considered to be the following: Amend criterion iii of Policy E5 as follows – iii. Some Sui Generis Other activities where they are employment and business-led, to be determined on an individual basis	To recognise that it may be appropriate for this policy to apply to some other uses that are not sui generis.	

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MM99 (Policy E6)	Delete criterion vi of policy E6 and consequential amendments as follows – iv. The impact of continued employment use on the local environment and amenity; and v. The suitability of access arrangements for the site/ buildings, by road and public transport,; and vi. The benefits of the proposed use compared to the benefits of retaining the existing use.	Criterion vi is unnecessary and potentially reduces the clarity and effectiveness of the policy.	
MM48 (Policy E7)	Policy E7 Maintaining the Vitality and Viability of Town Centres Amendments to the final two paragraphs as follows -	For clarification purposes	PM67
	Within the Primary Shopping Areas Pproposals for a change of use or the redevelopment of premises away from retail or other Class E uses, will only be supported where it can be demonstrated that: i. The proposal will contribute to the centre's vitality and viability during daytime trading hours; and ii. Proportionate evidence has been provided to demonstrate that the premises are no longer required for retail or other Class E uses.		
	Where supporting viability evidence is considered necessary Aas part of the assessment of such proposals, applicants will be expected to provide viability assessments of the site and evidence of the appropriate marketing for alternative town centre uses. Marketing should be undertaken for a minimum of at least 12 months. Such assessments will always be required where the proposal would result in a loss of a Class E use within the Primary Shopping Area.		
MM49 (Policy E8)	Supporting text 10.135	To make it clear that this paragraph is talking about new	PM208

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	Any proposals for new Sshops, pubs, arts and cultural services and facilities that serve more than a local catchment and attract visiting members of the public from a wider area are town centre uses, which should be located with regard to in accordance with the town centre hierarchy of (Strategic Policy E3) and the detailed considerations set out in Policy E4. These uses proposals are not generally appropriate within the countryside, due to their traffic implications and impacts on the rural character.	shops, pubs and cultural services in respect of local services facilities	
Winchester S	ite Allocations		
MM50 (Policy W1)	Supporting text: 12.10 At the very northern boundary and into the field north of the site there can be very high groundwater levels during very wet years (within 2m of the ground) when a winterbourne rises. Early discussions should, therefore, take place with the Environment Agency and Lead Local Flood Authority (LLFA) in order to establish how this can be addressed. Policy W1 Barton Farm Major Development Area New criterion xii as follows — xii. Layout of the development must be planned to ensure future access to existing underground infrastructure for maintenance and upsizing purposes.	Comment from Environment Agency and Southern Water	PM68, PM69
MM51 (Policy W2)	Supporting text: Delete and replace text as follows: Indicative number of homes: 750 – 1,000 900 dwellings. Delete the end of paragraph 12.15 which states:	Comments from DIO/Avison Young, ICB and Historic England	PM70, PM71, PM72, PM73, PM74, PM75, PM76, PM77, PM78

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	Therefore, a working assumption has been made that the site could accommodate about 900 dwellings.	Discussion with HCC Highways following comments from	
	Delete and replace the first part of Policy W2 as follows: Policy W2 – Sir John Moore Barracks Land at Sir John Moore Barracks, Winchester as defined on the Policies Map, is allocated as a mixed use site which is mainly residential led comprising of 750 to 1,000 about 900 homes	DIO/Avison Young	
	(p.313) Allocated Use <u>s</u> : i) Residential led mMixed use, and ii) Peark and ride facility		
	The main vehicular access to the site is via a dedicated access road which is located off Andover Road North (B3420) (the main north south route in and out of Winchester). Given the secure/defence-related nature of the site, there is a gatehouse and guardroom entry point in the north-east. There is a secure gated access for military vehicles only which is located off Chestnut Avenue/Kennel Lane		
	 12.25 The buildings and structures are predominantly used for military training related use or associated recreational purposes and include the following: A central recreational facilities building, which includes a common room, dining area and a local shop; Gym and leisure facilities, including a swimming pool and a former nursery; which is used occasionally by the local community as well as military personnel; 		
	Various staff training equipment and military assault courses; Various residential buildings, including both trainees and more senior military personnel/officers that are stationed at the site;		

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	250 space surface car park; and A chapel.		
	12.29		
	Park & Ride facility		
	As the site is located on one of the key radial routes into the city centre (Andover Road), the City of Winchester Movement Strategy has identified that there is need to reduce city centre traffic by increasing the number of Park & Ride facilities with a particular need to provide a car park on Park & Ride to the north side of the city. In order to meet this need, there is an opportunity requirement, as part of the comprehensive redevelopment of this site, to provide approximately 850 spaces within the masterplan for a Park & Ride facility. The Park & Ride facility at the SJM Barracks site would need to demonstrate its relationship with the Kings Barton 200 space Park & Ride Light site that is located on the opposite side of Andover Road (Policy W1). This would be in addition to the Kings Barton 200 space Park & Ride Light site that is located on the opposite side of Andover Road which would need to be operationally connected to the Park & Ride facility at the Sir John Moore Barracks site (Policy W1) The scale and location of the Park & Ride facility should be considered as part of the master planning process with full details to be submitted as part of the planning application process and be in a location that is physically connected to sustainable modes of transport and capable of providing provide electrical charging points and cycle parking.		
	Policy W2 Sir John Moore Barracks		
	Land at Sir John Moore Barracks, Winchester as defined on the Policies Map, is allocated as a mixed use site which is mainly residential led comprising of 750 to 1,000 about 900 homes, ancillary and supporting uses to make this a sustainable neighbourhood with approximately an 850 space Park & Ride facility		

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	provided that detailed proposals accord with the Development Plan and demonstrate how proposals will accord with the following:		
	i. Any application for development is preceded by, and is consistent with, a comprehensive and evidence based site wide masterplan which demonstrates how high quality design, green spaces, settlement gaps will be delivered for the whole site which has involved and engaged with stakeholders and interested parties before it is agreed by the local planning authority;		
	ii. The proposals relate to the whole of the allocated site or, if less, do not in any way prejudice the implementation of the masterplan for the whole site;		
	iii. The proposals include a phasing and delivery strategy that is related to the provision of infrastructure <u>needed to make the development acceptable in planning terms together with and</u> the creation of neighbourhood centre(s) with ancillary and supporting uses.		
	iv. The proposals investigates the opportunity to reuse/re-purpose any of the existing buildings and gives priority to the use of the previously developed land and the intensification of the existing built up area before the use of undeveloped land;		
	v. The proposals consider and address the need for education provision (Primary and Secondary) to meet the needs of the development and if not provided on the site, provide suitable sustainable links that can be used all year round;		
	vi. The proposals include a high standard of architectural design and use quality materials and detailing, through the creation of a design response that will deliver innovative, sustainable new buildings, creating and providing high quality public spaces and improvements to the public realm;		
	vii. Access should be off Andover Road North (B3420);		

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
	viii. Include direct, safe and lit, active travel links as part of a strategy that minimises car journeys from the development. High quality facilities for walking, cycling and wheeling and public transport that is connected to the surrounding area/ PROW/cycle network in accordance with the Hampshire Movement and Place Framework and Healthy Streets approach;		
	ix. The proposals ensure that the existing access to the site via Chestnut Avenue (which is a private road)/Kennel Lane is retained and is only used for pedestrian, cyclists and potential emergency access purposes;		
	x. The proposals consider the importance, retention and management of the Flowerdown Site of Importance for Nature Conservation (SINC) in perpetuity by including a management plan for the maintenance and monitoring of these habitats;		
	xi. A site specific Flood Risk Assessment will need to be prepared and agreed that demonstrates how the development will be safe for its lifetime taking climate change and the vulnerability of the developments users into account, and ensure that flood risk is not increased elsewhere as a result of the development;		
	xii. As part of the design process, further investigation (through topographic surveys and flood modelling) determines the exact route of the winterbourne which crosses the site which should be managed and protected as it carries floodwater away from Littleton when groundwater levels are high;		
	xiii. The proposals are accompanied by a green/blue infrastructure/ SuDS hierarchy strategy to both enhance the development and mitigate potential impacts on the surface water from flooding and ground water from Littleton in a way that increases the biodiversity on the site. This should include the provision of multi-functional green/blue links throughout the site and ensure that any additional surface water resulting from the development does not have a		

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	detrimental impact on the SINC or other protected sites;		
	xiv. The proposals record features of heritage significance and incorporates them where feasible into any re-development of the site as part of a wider heritage trail that celebrates the site's military history and helps the general public to understand and appreciate how the site has evolved. The proposals will also need to minimise harm to the setting of the adjacent Scheduled Round Barrows;		
	xv. The proposals incorporate and include public realm to enhance the intrinsic quality of the site and creates a 'sense of place' putting people and places at the forefront of the development;		
	xvi. The proposals retain the existing Chapel and opens this up to the community as part of any new development, as this will reinforce links to Peninsula Barracks and historical military associations with Winchester;		
	xvii. The proposals include an assessment of the condition, age and the need to technical feasibility/viability to demonstrate the ability to retain/refurbish/redevelop, viably operate / incorporate the existing gym, leisure facilities and the swimming pool as part of the wider residential led scheme. Depending on the outcome of this assessment if they are viable, they should be opened up for use by the local community and management plan should accompany any planning application for this part of the site;		
	xviii. The proposals consider the potential impacts of wastewater (nutrients) produced by the development upon the Solent SAC and River Itchen SAC and identify mitigation so as to avoid any adverse impact on these nationally protected sites either by incorporating measures within the site as part of the development or secured by alternative means if this is not feasible (Policy NE6);		
	xix. The proposals include a Park & Ride facility of approximately 850 spaces and demonstrates the relationship with that would be in addition to and would		

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
	need to be connected operationally to the 200 space Kings Barton Park & Ride light. The scale and location of the Park & Ride facility should include the provision of charging points and cycle parking that should be determined through the master planning process and full details should be submitted as part of the planning application process transport assessment include the provision of electrical charging points and cycle parking facilities; and xx. Occupation of development will be phased to align with the delivery of sewerage infrastructure, in consultation with the service provider.		
MM52 (Policy W3)	Supporting text: 12.37 Any proposals will need to be designed in a sensitive manner as the southern part of the site is located within Winchester Conservation Area. Relevant references include (but are not limited to) the Conservation Area Appraisal and Winchester Townscape Assessment. Policy W3 St Peter's Car Park Delete criterion iv in Policy W3 and re-number the criterion accordingly. iv. The proposals takes advantage of the site's close proximity to the Winchester Town Centre; Amendments to criterion iii and criterion x as follows — iii. As part of the design process, proposals should assess the overall height of the proposed development and the impact on the character of the Conservation Area and the setting of Listed Buildings;	Comments from Historic England and the Environment Agency	PM79, PM80, PM81

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	x. A site specific Flood Risk Assessment will need to be prepared and agreed that demonstrates how the development will be safe for its lifetime taking climate change and the vulnerability of the developments users into account, and ensure that flood risk is not increased elsewhere as a result of the development. Only types of existing development which can be shown are water compatible or essential infrastructures shall take place within Flood Zone 3b (functional floodplain);		
MM53 (Policy W4)	Supporting text: 12.41 To the north is an important tree belt for bats and beyond this the Barton Meadows Nature Reserve which was provided in conjunction with development at Barton Farm. The Barton Meadows Nature Reserve is an important corridor for wildlife and creates a wider landscape in which wildlife can travel, contributing to the Nature Recovery Network. Due to the proximity of this site to the Nature Reserve, the <u>development should</u> scepe to enhance <u>the integrity of</u> the Reserve and manage access <u>so as to achieve this and to divert pressure from the River Itchen SAC.</u> to it should be investigated. The site is within the currently defined Winchester to Kings Worthy / Headbourne Worthy settlement gap. However, it is well-contained and suited to development and development would not extend the built-up area beyond its current northern boundary, helping to retain the openness of the settlement gap. Policy W4 Land West of Courtenay Road Amendments to criterion iii and criterion vi as follows — iii Contribute to any other off-site junction <u>transport</u> improvements necessary;	Comments from HIWWT, HCC, ICB and Natural England.	PM82, PM83, PM84

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
	vi Provide <u>physical and social</u> infrastructure needed to make the development acceptable in planning terms, including addressing any need for education provision (Primary and Secondary) to meet the needs of the development.		
MM54 (Policy W5)	Supporting text: Update maps to include the boundary of the South Downs National Park (p.331). 12.52 The site is located within the upper catchment of the River Itchen and feeds one of the River Itchen's tributaries known as Nuns Walk Stream. Development of the land therefore has the potential to impact upon the nationally protected site of the River Itchen SAC and other sites in the wider Solent area in terms of nutrients (phosphates and nitrates) in wastewater produced by new housing and other forms of overnight residential accommodation. Any nutrient neutrality solution that involves an onsite wastewater treatment works, will need be accompanied by an assessment of impacts to the River Itchen SAC through discharges from the WwTW including groundwater modelling, and agreed with Natural England and the Environment Agency. Policy W5 Bushfield Camp Deletion of criterion xv and new criterion xix as follows — xv. Where it has been demonstrated that the proposals will have a significant adverse effect on the integrity of the River Itchen SAC it must be demonstrated, as part of the design process, that adequate measures in line with Policy NE1 and Policy D7, will be put in place to avoid or mitigate any adverse effects. Such measures must be agreed with the Council and Natural England. In order to assist the Council in Policy W5 Bushfield Camp — continued carrying out a	Comments from SDNPA, Natural England and Southern Water. Agreement with Natural England in the Updated Statement of Common Ground.	PM85, PM195, PM87, PM88

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	Habitats Regulations Assessment, the developer will be required to provide evidence to inform the Appropriate Assessment. This is likely to include an air quality assessment of the effects of the development on the River Itchen SAC as a result of any increase in traffic associated with the development. The effects on local roads in the vicinity of the proposed development on nearby designated nature conservation sites, and the impacts on vulnerable sites from air quality effects on the wider road network in the area can be assessed using traffic projections and the 200m distance criterion followed by local Air Quality modelling where required; xix. Occupation of the development will be phased to align with the delivery of sewerage infrastructure, in consultation with the service provider.		
MM55 (Policy W6)	Supporting text: Update maps to include the boundary of the South Downs National Park (p.337).	Comments from SDNPA and Southern Water	PM90, PM183, PM184, PM89
	Policy W6 Winnall Amendment to text as follows — Within the Winnall area, which is the main employment area in Winchester as shown on the Policies Map, the council will continue to apply Policy E6 (retention of employment land and premises) with the expectation that it will remain as the main employment area in Winchester Town. planning permission will be granted for proposals which are in accordance with the Development Plan and the approach for Winnall, as set out below: Amendment to criterion iv and new criterion vii and viii as follows —		

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	iv. in sub area 4 the presumption will be in favour of applications for uses outside of B2 and B8 uses. will be considered against the requirements of Policy E6 (retention of employment land and premises), in the context of adjoining land uses.		
	vii. Further development on this site will be subject to a sewer network capacity assessment during the planning application process, should capacity be constrained, occupation of the development will be phased to align with the delivery of infrastructure, in consultation with the service provider.		
	viii. Layout of the development must be planned to ensure future access to existing underground infrastructure for maintenance and upsizing purposes		
MM56 (Policy W7)	Policy W7 Central Winchester Regeneration Amend criterion i and delete criterion ii (renumber the other criterion accordingly). i. Any application for development has regard to the Supplementary Planning Document that has been agreed by the local planning authority and its aims, objectives and the urban design principles: ii. The proposals relate to the whole of the allocated site or if less, do not in any way prejudice the implementation of the masterplan for the whole of the site;	Comment from ICB and the Environment Agency	PM91, PM92
	Amendments to criterion xv and xvi as follows –		
	xv. The proposals consider and addresses the need provision of infrastructure		

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	needed to make the development acceptable in planning terms together with for education provision (Primary and Secondary) to meet the needs of the development;		
	xvi. A Strategic <u>site-specific</u> Flood Risk Assessment will need to be prepared and agreed that demonstrates how the development will be safe for its lifetime taking climate change and the vulnerability of the developments users into account, and ensure that flood risk is not increased elsewhere as a result of the development. Where possible, reduce the overall flood risk by ensuring that any new development avoids Flood Zone 3;		
MM57 (Policy W8)	Supporting text: 12.78 The site excludes, but will need to take into consideration and have special regard to the setting of the Hampshire Archives and Local Studies Offices and its garden, which is a Grade II listed building have been included on the List of Buildings of Special Architectural or Historic Interest at grade II.	Comments from Historic England and ICB	PM93, PM95
	Policy W8 Station Approach Regeneration Area Amendment to criterion x as follows –		
	x. The proposals consider and address the need provision of infrastructure needed to make the development acceptable in planning terms together with for education provision (Primary and Secondary) to meet the needs of the development;		
MM58 (Policy W9)	Supporting text: Update maps to include the boundary of the South Downs National Park (p.351).	Comment from SDNPA	PM96, PM97

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
	Policy W9 Bar End Depot New criterion immediately after vii as follows -	And Criterion was incorrectly omitted from the Reg 19 LP.	
	The proposals provide a footway link and cycleway link across the western boundary of the site to improve connectivity to Winchester Town to the north of the site;		
MM59 (Policy W10)	Supporting text: Update maps to include the boundary of the South Downs National Park (p.355). 12.106 Hyde Abbey Gardens which includes the remains of Hyde Abbey, a Benedictine monastery, extends into the car park and grounds of the adjacent former Leisure centre complex. Hyde Abbey Gateway, which is located opposite St Bartholomew's Church in King Alfred's Place, and the Bridge is a Scheduled Monument, and a Grade I Listed Building. The Bridge is also a Listed Building and a Scheduled Monument. St Bartholomew's Church is a Grade II* Listed Building and, as the church for Hyde Abbey, it is the only remaining building still in use. These are the only substantial above ground / upstanding remains that exist. As the western boundary of the site is also located adjacent to the Winchester Conservation Area boundary, any development will need to take this into consideration as part of the design process. As the western boundary, any development will need to take this into consideration as part of the design process. As the western boundary, any development will need to take this into consideration as well as the Abbey remains above and below ground, both scheduled and unscheduled but potentially of national importance, and impacts on their significance as part of the design process.	Comments from SDNPA, Historic England, the Environment Agency, and Southern Water	PM98, PM99, PM100, PM101

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
Reference	Policy W10 Former River Park Leisure Centre site Amendments to criterion v and new criterion vii as follows — v. A site specific Flood Risk Assessment will need to be prepared and agreed that demonstrates that there will be no inappropriate development within Flood Zone 3b in accordance with Table 2 of the Planning Practice Guidance for Flood risk and coastal change. It will also need to be demonstrated how development will be safe for its lifetime taking climate change and the vulnerability of the developments users into account, and ensure that flood risk is not increased elsewhere as a result of the development; vii. Any re-development of this site will be subject to a sewer network capacity assessment during the planning application process, should capacity be constrained, occupation of the development will be phased to align with the delivery of infrastructure, in consultation with the service		reference
MM60 (Policy W11)	Supporting text: 12.120 The area that is subject to Policy W11 is elevated land and has a number of constraints, particularly the presence of the Winchester conservation area in the western part of the area, the listed main Hospital block and some individual or group tree preservation orders, mainly on the southern edge. The Winchester Conservation Area Appraisal includes helpful guidance on the redevelopment of this area. The site is sensitive due to its location on a principal aquifer and parts may have contamination issues associated with previous activities. Given these factors, a masterplan should be prepared for the area in consultation with key stakeholders and interested parties and agreed by the city council. Ideally this should cover the whole allocated area, but there	Comments from Historic England	PM102

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
	could be separate masterplans for the University and Hospital areas.		
South Hamps	│ shire Urban Area		
MM61 (Policy SH1)	Supporting text: Updates to the Current Masterplan Area map on p.370 - to show the different areas of development more clearly including the additional housing. (See Appendix 1). 13.10 The capacity of the development area has been reviewed and this indicates that additional capacity can be achieved without extending the proposed development area, through a mixture of revisions to the estimated capacity of various phases (about 145 dwellings), development of land previously reserved but no longer needed for expansion of the primary school, and cemetery and mixed use areas (approximately 410160 dwellings), and the development of an older persons' housing scheme (already permitted within the local centre as part of the outline consent for Newlands, (approximately 45 dwelling equivalents). These are expected to give an additional capacity of about 300350 dwellings. Policy SH1 Newlands (West of Waterlooville) Land at Newlands, to the West of Waterlooville, (as shown on the map of Newlands (West of Waterlooville) Master Plan Area) remains allocated to complete the development of a new community of 3,000 dwellings (about 600 in Havant Borough), of which 40% are expected to be affordable, and associated employment provision, support facilities and services, together with supporting uses. An additional approximately 300 350 dwellings will be achieved through intensification or rearrangement of uses within the Winchester district part of the development. This should continue to deliver the agreed vision for West of	Update in response to the HRA Addendum and Comments from Natural England	PM188, PM189, PM190, PM103, PM104

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
	Waterlooville, which aims to create a sustainable urban extension to Waterlooville, integrated with the town centre and forming the fourth quadrant of the town.		
	Development should accord with Policy SP2 and the following site-specific requirements:		
	i. Be integrated with Waterlooville town centre including measures to enable good pedestrian and cycle access across Maurepas Way; ii. Retail provision within the development should be within a modest local centre which is subservient to Waterlooville town centre; iii. Provide about 23 hectares of employment land, including uses which will help link the development to the town centre, create a vibrant commercial area and include some mixed housing/ commercial areas; iv. Provide a new access road through the development between the A3/ Ladybridge Road roundabout and the A3/Maurepas Way roundabout with public transport provision and other measures to reduce traffic generation. The development should fund any off-site transport improvements necessary to achieve this and to accommodate traffic likely to be generated by the development; v. Provide primary school places and contributions to off-site improvements to secondary education to accommodate the development, along with other physical and social infrastructure to make the development acceptable in planning terms; vi. A site specific Flood Risk Assessment will need to be prepared and agreed that demonstrates how the development will be safe over its lifetime, taking climate change and the vulnerability of the developments users into account, and ensure that flood risk is not increased elsewhere as a result of the development; vii. Ensure that the groundwater Source Protection Zone is protected and that development will be safe over its lifetime by undertaking a site-specific flood risk assessment and implementing any necessary measures; and viii. Occupation of development will be phased to align with the delivery of		

Proposed Modification Reference	sewerage infrastructure, in consultation with the service provider ix. Implement a Green Infrastructure Strategy for the additional approximately 300 dwellings to avoid harmful impacts and mitigate the local and wider impacts of the development, including their phasing and long-term management and any off-site measures required to mitigate harmful impacts on European sites. New green infrastructure must seek to provide facilities for dog walking and local walks, to reduce trips to the SPA/Ramsar sites, and design of the greenspace must be agreed with Natural England, as part of a project-level HRA	Reason	Previous Modification reference
MM62 (Policy SH2)	Supporting text: 13.20 The original site area was approximately 202 hectares, of which around half is either constrained or required to mitigate potential environmental impacts. This significantly reduced the developable area, but the site was allocated for about 3,500 new dwellings. The capacity of the development area has been reviewed and this indicates that additional capacity can be achieved through small extensions to the proposed development area (totalling about 6 hectares), without breaching important boundaries of the development area, at land off Bluebell Way (approximately 110 dwellings) and land off Ridge Farm Lane (approximately 50 dwellings). In addition, the development of an extra care scheme (already permitted adjacent to the northern local centre as part of the outline consent for North Whiteley) will contribute a further approximately 40 dwelling equivalents. These are expected to give an additional capacity of about 200 dwellings. Policy SH2 North Whiteley	Update in response to the HRA Addendum and Comments from Natural England.	PM191, PM105, PM106
	Amendments to criterion ix and x as follows –		

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	ix. Assess the impact of development both on site and in combination with other nearby sites on habitats and biodiversity through a project level HRA (especially those of national and international importance such as the River Hamble and the Solent); and x. Implement a Green Infrastructure Strategy to avoid harmful impacts and mitigate the local and wider impacts of the development, including their phasing and long-term management and any off- site measures required to mitigate harmful impacts on European sites. New green infrastructure must seek to provide facilities for dog walking and local walks, to reduce trips to the SPA/Ramsar sites, and design of the greenspace must be agreed with Natural England, as part of a project-level HRA.		
MM63 (Policy SH3)	13.31 There are foul and surface water sewers running across the site which would require an easement of 6m to be kept clear of all buildings and tree planting. located in Bader Way and Cobham Grove, with manholes in close proximity to the site boundary. It is important that the exact location of this infrastructure in relation to the site is established prior to the commencement of any construction, in liaison with Southern Water.	Comments from Hampshire County Council and Southern Water	PM107
MM64 (Policy SH4)	MM64 as revised – Supporting text Site details (page 381) Employment floorspace: approx. 11,000 sq. m Employment and commercial uses Supporting text:	Consequential amendment following Proposed Modification to policy SH4, increasing the flexibility to the type of uses proposed.	PM226, PM207, PM223, PM224

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
	13.34 – delete paragraph Whiteley includes major employment areas which have now been mostly developed and occupied. Some parts of the Solent 1 Business Park remain to be developed. These allocations are carried forward to ensure that the employment provision at Whiteley is completed as planned.	To delete repetition and improve clarity To better reflect the position in policy SH4 regarding the aims of	
	Supporting text: New paragraph to follow paragraph 13.35 as follows –	the policy and the range of proposed uses.	
	The intention is to ensure that this remining parcel is delivered in the plan period in a way which compliments and enhances the wider employment area. For this remaining parcel, a range of uses complimentary to the business park will be considered as a way of ensuring delivery of the site and supporting the overall attractiveness of the employment areas for all occupiers.	To provide appropriate flexibility regarding the approach to delivering the site and the range of acceptable uses.	
	Solent Business Park Amendment to criterion i as follows — i. Provide for a range of high technology and business uses falling within Use Class E(g); business uses falling within Use Class E(g), B2, B8, and other employment generating uses. A limited amount of appropriate commercial uses are also supported subject to other policies in this plan if they contribute to the amenity, sustainability and vibrancy of the Business Park;		
MM65 (Policy SH6)	Policy SH6 Botley Bypass	Comments from Southern Water	PM108
	New criterion iii as follows – iii. measures are included to protect and ensure future access for maintenance and upsizing purposes to Southern Water's water supply		

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	infrastructure.		
The Market To	owns and Rural Area		
MM66 (Policy BW1)	Policy BW1 The Vineyard/Tangier Lane Delete allocation – Policy BW1, paragraphs 14.11 to 14.13 of the supporting text	To reflect that the site is completed.	PM200, PM172
	and associated site plans and other elements. Update inset map on page 392 to remove reference to "The Vineyard / Tangier Lane". Retain settlement boundary.		
MM67 (Policy BW3)	Supporting text: Update maps to include the boundary of the South Downs National Park (p.397). Policy BW3 Tollgate Sawmill Amendment to criterion viii as follows - viii. Protect, retain and reinforce existing treed boundaries and hedgerows to minimise any wider views and protect the setting of the SDNP;	Comment from SDNPA	PM111, PM112
MM68 (Policy BW4)	Supporting text: Update maps to include the boundary of the South Downs National Park (p.401). Policy BW4	Comments from SDNPA and Hampshire County Council	PM113, PM114
	Land north of Rareridge Lane		

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
	Amendment to criterion vii as follows – vii. Provide or contribute to the reduced speed limit to 30mph measures that would support a lower speed environment and a new village gateway on Hoe		
MM69 (Policy NA1)	Road to the east of the site. Policy NA1 The Dean	Comment by ICB	PM115
	New criterion xi as follows – xi. Provision of other physical and social infrastructure needed to make the development acceptable in planning terms.		
MM70 (Policy NA2)	Policy NA2 Sun Lane Amend criterion xiv and new criterion xvi as follows — xiv. Ensure that the Groundwater Protection Zone is protected and provide a groundwater risk assessment for the burial ground; xvi. Provision of other physical and social infrastructure needed to make	Comments from Environment Agency and ICB	PM116, PM117
MM71 (Policy NA3)	the development acceptable in planning terms. Supporting text: New paragraph after 14.43 as follows – As part of the Neighbourhood Planning process, early engagement with	Comments from Southern Water and ICB	PM118, PM119
	Southern Water is encouraged regarding the allocation of sites in the		

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	Neighbourhood Plan in order to assess the capacity of their water and wastewater networks.		
	Policy NA3 Neighborhood Plan Designated Area		
	Additional land will be allocated for development in the New Alresford Neighbourhood Plan for about 100 dwellings, including any amendments to the settlement boundary.		
	Development will be expected to:		
	 i. Show how it contributes towards the Vision and Objectives of the Plan in Policy SP1 and is in general conformity with its strategic approach; ii. Have regard to information on local needs for new homes, jobs and facilities, for the Neighbourhood Plan area, including the provision of other physical and social infrastructure needed to make developments acceptable in planning terms; and 		
	iii. Be phased for the latter part of the Local Plan period and permission for housing development will not be granted before 2030.		
MM72 (Policy CC2)	Supporting text:	Comments from SDNPA and	PM120, PM122
(I Olicy CO2)	Update maps to include the boundary of the South Downs National Park (p.423).	Historic England	
	Policy CC2 Colden Common Farm		
	Amendment to text as follows –		
	Land at Colden Common Farm, as shown on the Policies Map, is		

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	allocated for <u>up to</u> about 45 dwellings. Planning permission will be granted provided that details accord with the Development Plan and meet the following specific requirements:		
MM87 (Policy CC3)	Update maps to include the boundary of the South Downs National Park (p.427).	Comments from SDNPA	N/A
MM73 (Policy CC4)	Supporting text: 14.80 (delete paragraph) A new water supply pipeline is being proposed between Havant and Otterbourne, which Southern Water have identified as potentially affecting this site or its surroundings. Engagement with Southern Water will be required at an early stage in order to coordinate emerging water supply pipeline project proposals with the development of this site as this new water supply pipeline is important infrastructure for the region. Policy CC4 Land adjoining 85 Church Lane Deletion of criterion viii — viii. The development should ensure future access to planned water supply infrastructure in the vicinity in coordination with the service provider;	Comments from SDNPA, the Environment Agency and Southern Water	PM121, PM123, PM124
MM74 (Policy DEN1)	Supporting text: New paragraph after 14.86 as follows –	Comments from Southern Water and ICB	PM125, PM126
	As part of the Neighbourhood Planning process, early engagement with Southern Water is encouraged regarding the allocation of sites in the		

Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
	Neighbourhood Plan in order to assess the capacity of their water and wastewater networks.		
	Policy DEN1 Neighbourhood Plan Designated Area		
	Land will be allocated for development in the Denmead Neighbourhood Plan for about 100 dwellings, including any required amendments to the settlement boundary. Development will be expected to address the following:		
	i. Show how they are contributing towards the Vision and Objectives of the Plan in Policy SP1 and in general conformity with its strategic approach; ii. Have regard to information on local need for new homes, jobs and facilities, for their plan area, including the provision of physical and social infrastructure needed to make developments acceptable in planning terms; iii. Be phased for the latter part of the Local Plan period and permission for housing development will not be granted before 2030.		
MM75 (Policy KW2)	Supporting text: Update maps to include the boundary of the South Downs National Park (p.443). 14.95 Conservation areas and several listed buildings lie to the south and east of the site, in Kings Worthy and Abbots Worthy, and development should be designed to avoid harmful impacts on these their setting and the National Park.	Comments from SDNPA and Historic England	PM127, PM128
MM76 (Policy SW1)	Policy SW1 The Lakes	Comments from ICB	PM129
	Amendment to criterion vii as follows –		

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	vii. Contribute to the expansion of Swanmore College of Technology and other physical and social infrastructure needed to make the development acceptable in planning terms:		
MM77 (Policy WK1)	Supporting text: Update maps to include the boundary of the South Downs National Park (p.455).	Comments from SDNPA	PM131, PM133, PM134, PM135
	The Winchester Road housing area consists of two adjoining sites (totaling 4.2 hectares) which form part of an allocation which includes the provision of new sports pitches facilities and pavilion and or open space on land in the same ownership to the east of Mill Lane. This provision is necessary to help meet part of the open space requirements for development and to improve the amount and distribution of available sports grounds. Parking provided at Mill Lane may help to alleviate shortfalls in The Square when it is not being used by the sports facility.	Response from Wickham and Knowle Parish Council. The development is largely complete apart from the open space and sports pitches. The need for sports facilities	
	14.112 Open space should be provided in accordance with LPP1 Policy CP7, with the site capable of providing a number of the expected categories, including the proposed sports provision at Mill Lane. It may be appropriate for the required allotment provision to be on land adjoining the allocated site. Policy WK1 Winchester Road Housing and Open Space Allocation	across the District is currently being considered in a Playing Pitch Strategy commissioned by the City Council, and discussions are ongoing with the	
	Amendments to the policy and criteria i, ii, and vii as follows: Sites at Winchester Road and Mill Lane, as shown on the Policies Map, are allocated in the adopted Local Plan for the phased development of about 125	Parish Council about the affordability of the pitches. Therefore it is considered	

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	dwellings and public sports provision open space. Planning permission will be granted provided that detailed proposals accord with the Development Plan and meet the following specific development requirements: Nature & Phasing of Development i. Two adjoining sites at Winchester Road are proposed for residential development in conjunction with 3.5 hectares of land at Mill Lane being laid out and made available for the provision of sports pitches, pavilion and parkingopen space. A masterplan establishing principles for the disposition of housing, open space, access points and linkages for the whole allocated area should be submitted with each application for development. Any subsequent applications for all or part of the site should also demonstrate how the proposal will accord with these principles and achieve the form of development intended by this allocation as a whole; ii. A phasing plan establishing the order and location of development and infrastructure provision for all the allocated areas should be produced and agreed in advance of permission being granted for any of the sites allocated. This should indicate how and when the sports open space provision will be made and how the housing (including affordable housing) will be programmed to achieve a suitable rate of development over time. vii. Provide and lay out 3.5 hectares of land at Mill Lane for either public sports facilities pitches, and suitable changing facilities or other suitable open space and associated access, parking, drainage and landscaping to protect the	appropriate to recognise this in the Plan and introduce some flexibility in the policy.	
MM86 (Policy WK3)	Amendment to overview map on page 454 to correct settlement boundary extension.	Correction to settlement boundary	N/A
	Consequential change to SD05 (policies map) to reflect this change.		

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MM78	Supporting text:	To retain flexibility in	PM136, PM137,
(Policy WK5)	Update maps to include the boundary of the South Downs National Park (p.461).	how suitable pedestrian links may be delivered.	PM138, PM139
	14.119	0	
	Mill Lane is currently a narrow rural road with relatively low traffic volume. Pedestrian and cycle access should be established at the southern end of the site through to Houghton Way, to link into existing pedestrian facilities network, either through Houghton Way or another suitable route.	Comments from South Downs National Park Authority	
	Policy WK5 Mill Lane		
	Amend criterion v, vii and ix as follows –		
	v. Safe and convenient pedestrian access through to Houghton Way and on to Wickham Centre		
	vii. Retain and reinforce landscaping buffers on the north, east, and west boundaries of the site except where their removal is necessary for access, to minimise any wider views and protect the setting of the SDNP;		
	ix. Retain the surface water overland flow route unless modelling/ evidence demonstrates otherwise.		
MM79 (Policy WK6)	Supporting text:	Clarification - the proposed allocation	PM140, PM141, PM142, PM144,
	Update maps to include the boundary of the South Downs National Park (p.465).	does not extend to Southwick Road	PM145
	14.126	D () () ()	
	The nearby site open land at The Glebe to the north west and a recent	Post-regulation 19	
	development site west of the site contained to the north west significant archaeological remains. Further aArchaeological evaluation of the site will be	comments from Historic England	
	needed prior to development to ascertain the full nature of the archaeological	Thistoric England	
	resource within the site. Records indicate that a Roman road runs through		

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	the site and Roman settlement activity has been identified in the immediate vicinity. Should archaeological investigation indicate good survival, the site development should be informed by and sensitive to any such remains, as they could be categorised as a non-designated heritage asset and, potentially, nationally important.	Comments from SDNPA and Southern Water	
	Policy WK6 Land at Southwick Road/School Road		
	Amend criterion vi and new criterion xv as follows – vi. Retain and reinforce landscaping buffer to the north, east, and southern boundaries of the site, to minimise any wider views and protect the setting of the SDNP;		
	xv. Layout of the development must be planned to ensure future access to existing sewerage infrastructure for maintenance and upsizing purposes.		
MM80 (Policy KN1)	Supporting text: 14.141 Engagement with Southern Water will be required in order to coordinate emerging water supply pipeline project proposals with development.	Update received from Southern Water – paragraph 14.141 not necessary	PM143, PM146, PM147, PM148
	Policy KN1 Ravenswood	Response from Homes England – to provide flexibility given there is more	
	Amendment to criterion ix and new criterion xi as follows – ix. Provide a connection to <u>a</u> the nearest point of adequate capacity in the sewerage and water supply network, in collaboration with the service provider.	than one provider. Update in response to the HRA	

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	xi. Implement a Green Infrastructure Strategy to avoid harmful impacts and mitigate the local and wider impacts of the development, including their phasing and long-term management and any off-site measures required to mitigate harmful impacts on European sites. New green infrastructure must seek to provide facilities for dog walking and local walks, to reduce trips to the SPA/Ramsar sites, and design of the greenspace must be agreed with Natural England, as part of a project-level HRA	Addendum and Comments from Natural England.	
MM81 (Policy OT01)	Supporting text: Update maps to include the boundary of the South Downs National Park (p.479). New paragraph in between 14.156 and 14.157 as follows – Further archaeological evaluation of the site will be needed prior to development to ascertain the full nature of the archaeological resource within the site. Records indicate that a Roman road runs through the site. Should archaeological investigation indicate good survival, the site development should be informed by and sensitive to any such remains, as they could be categorised as a non-designated heritage asset and, potentially, nationally important.	Comments from SDNPA and Historic England	PM149, PM150
	Policy OT01 Land east of Main Road New subheading and criterion after viii as follows – Archaeological Investigate the archaeology of the site and take the results into account		

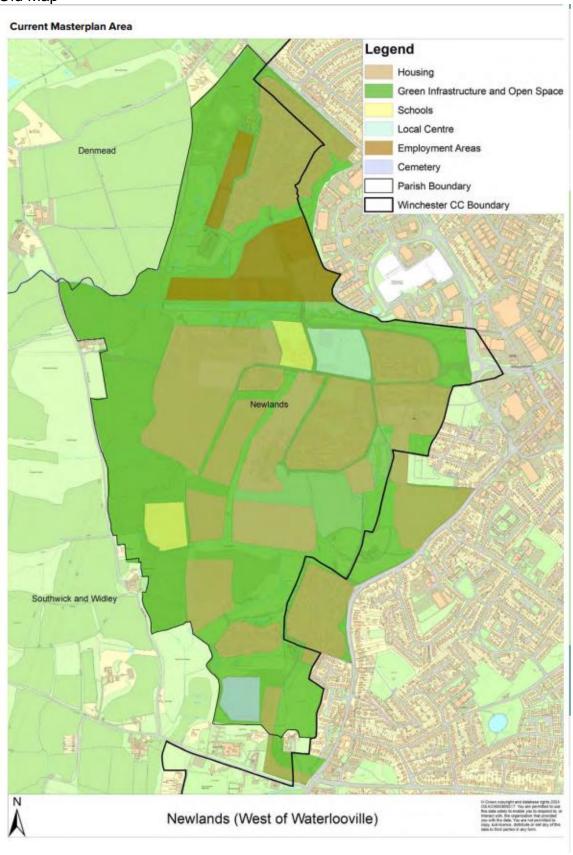
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	in planning the future of the site, preserving in situ, excavating or recording, as appropriate, important finds so as to prevent damage to the heritage of the site;		
MM82 (Policy SW01)	Policy SW01 Land at West Hill Road North Amendment to criterion xii as follows — xii. Contribute to physical and social infrastructure needed to make the development acceptable in planning terms including addressing any need for education provision (Primary and Secondary) to meet the needs of the development.	Comment by ICB	PM153
MM83 (Policy SU01)	Supporting text: 14.178 Sutton Scotney is within the group of 'intermediate' settlements, with an aim to identify new sites for 50-60 dwellings. There are currently foul drainage issues but these are due to be resolved by Southern Water in March 2025. It is expected that there is capacity for the development of about 80 dwellings in Sutton Scotney, which can be achieved as follows: Southern Water are currently delivering a project to upgrade their wastewater treatment sites located at Saddlers Close & Gratton Close. These sites require upgrades to ensure that they are compliant with new environmental standards and to prevent pollution spills. The project is due for completion in March 2025. A second project is required to upgrade the 'receiving' sewer network in the Harestock sewer catchment, which will be delivered as a business priority early in the next water industry Financial Plan period of 2025 – 2030. These schemes, once completed, will be sufficient to allow the sewer catchments serving Sutton Scotney to meet the growth needs projected in the plan and	Comments from Historic England and Southern Water	PM154, PM156, PM157, PM171, PM158

Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
any new drainage connections from existing properties.		
14.183 The area in general has a high archaeological potential and it is likely that archaeological remains will be encountered. Records show that a Roman building of some status was reported at or near this location. It is possible that an archaeological issue will emerge and remains which could potentially be categorised as nationally important may be found. Development proposals should be sensitive to such remains in line with Policy HE6.		
The village of Sutton Scotney has experienced high levels of groundwater flooding and infiltration drainage issues. Due to historic flooding events, it is advised to engage early with the Lead Flood Authority. Additionally, engagement with the Environment Agency is encouraged because of the site's proximity to flood zones 2 and 3. Given the historical presence of silt in the area, as part of the design process, it will need to be demonstrated how this issue is dealt with during construction and post occupation. As there can be high levels of groundwater which have the potential to restrict drainage outfalls for a considerable period, surcharging will need to be considered with appropriate SuDS / land uses considered to manage flood risk in a groundwater flood event scenario. In order to be able to manage groundwater flood risk, the use of open space and SUDS should be considered to create a buffer between the site and the main road to the south. A Hydrogeological Risk Assessment must be provided to determine whether there is a hazard to water resources, quality or abstractors. If the Hydrogeological Risk Assessment identifies unacceptable risk, the developer must provide appropriate mitigation. Policy SU01 Land at Brightlands		
Amendments to criterion xvii and xviii and new criterion xix as follows –		
	any new drainage connections from existing properties. 14.183 The area in general has a high archaeological potential and it is likely that archaeological remains will be encountered. Records show that a Roman building of some status was reported at or near this location. It is possible that an archaeological issue will emerge and remains which could potentially be categorised as nationally important may be found. Development proposals should be sensitive to such remains in line with Policy HE6. 14.184 The village of Sutton Scotney has experienced high levels of groundwater flooding and infiltration drainage issues. Due to historic flooding events, it is advised to engage early with the Lead Flood Authority. Additionally, engagement with the Environment Agency is encouraged because of the site's proximity to flood zones 2 and 3. Given the historical presence of silt in the area, as part of the design process, it will need to be demonstrated how this issue is dealt with during construction and post occupation. As there can be high levels of groundwater which have the potential to restrict drainage outfalls for a considerable period, surcharging will need to be considered with appropriate SuDS / land uses considered to manage flood risk in a groundwater flood event scenario. In order to be able to manage groundwater flood risk, the use of open space and SUDS should be considered to create a buffer between the site and the main road to the south. A Hydrogeological Risk Assessment must be provided to determine whether there is a hazard to water resources, quality or abstractors. If the Hydrogeological Risk Assessment identifies unacceptable risk, the developer must provide appropriate mitigation. Policy SU01 Land at Brightlands	any new drainage connections from existing properties. 14.183 The area in general has a high archaeological potential and it is likely that archaeological remains will be encountered. Records show that a Roman building of some status was reported at or near this location. It is possible that an archaeological issue will emerge and remains which could potentially be categorised as nationally important may be found. Development proposals should be sensitive to such remains in line with Policy HE6. 14.184 The village of Sutton Scotney has experienced high levels of groundwater flooding and infiltration drainage issues. Due to historic flooding events, it is advised to engage early with the Lead Flood Authority. Additionally, engagement with the Environment Agency is encouraged because of the site's proximity to flood zones 2 and 3. Given the historical presence of silt in the area, as part of the design process, it will need to be demonstrated how this issue is dealt with during construction and post occupation. As there can be high levels of groundwater which have the potential to restrict drainage outfalls for a considerable period, surcharging will need to be considered with appropriate SuDS / land uses considered to manage flood risk in a groundwater flood event scenario. In order to be able to manage groundwater flood risk, the use of open space and SUDS should be considered to create a buffer between the site and the main road to the south. A Hydrogeological Risk Assessment must be provided to determine whether there is a hazard to water resources, quality or abstractors. If the Hydrogeological Risk Assessment identifies unacceptable risk, the developer must provide appropriate mitigation. Policy SU01 Land at Brightlands

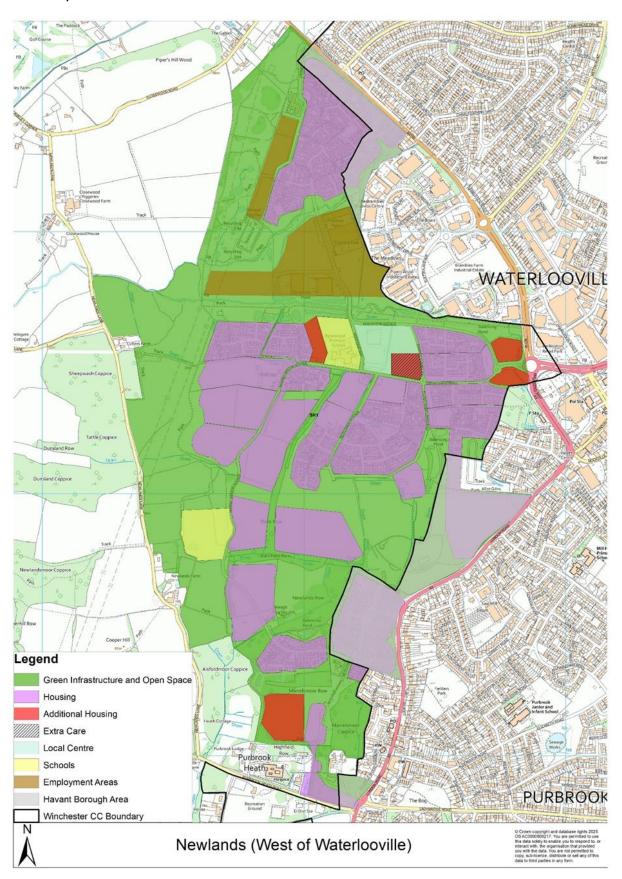
Proposed Modification Reference	Proposed Modification	Reason	Previous Modification reference
	xvii. Occupation of development will be phased to align with and drain to the new sewerage pipeline between delivery of Wastewater Infrastructure upgrades at Sutton Scotney, and South Wonston, and Harestock the delivery of sewerage infrastructure, in consultation with the service provider. Layout of the development must be planned to ensure future access to existing sewerage infrastructure for maintenance and upsizing purposes; xviii. Contribute to physical and social infrastructure needed to make the development acceptable in planning terms. xix. New and improved sewerage infrastructure will be encouraged and supported in order to meet the identified needs of the community, subject to other policies in the plan.		
MM84 (Policy WC1)	Policy WC1 Morgans Yard New criterion xi as follows – xi. Provision of other physical and social infrastructure needed to make the development acceptable in planning terms	Comment by ICB	PM159
Appendices MM85 Appendix II	Appendix II - Existing and New Policy Numbers Updates to the table to show site allocations. (See appendix 2 of this document).	For clarification purposes	PM229

Appendix 1

Old Map



New Map



Appendix 2
Appendix II – Existing and New Policy Numbers

New Local Plan policy number	Subject	Policy number superseded/updated/ New LP Policy	
Winchester Site A	llocations		
W1	Barton Farm Major Development Area	WT2	
W2	Sir John Moore Barracks	NEW	
W3	St Peter's Car Park	NEW	
W4	Land West of Courtenay Road	NEW	
W5	Bushfield Camp	WT3	
W6	Winnall	WIN11	
W7	Central Winchester Regeneration (formerly called 'Silver Hill')	WIN4, WIN5, WIN6, WIN7	
W8	Station Approach Regeneration Area	WIN5	
W9	Bar End Depot	NEW	
W10	Former River Park Leisure Centre Site	NEW	
W11	University of Winchester / Royal Hampshire County Hospital	NEW	
South Hampshire	Urban Area	1	
SH1	Newlands (West of Waterlooville)	SH2	
SH2	North Whiteley	SH3	
SH3	Whiteley Green	SHUA1	
SH4	Solent Business Park	SHUA2/SHUA3	
SH6	Botley Bypass	SHUA5	
The Market Towns and Rural Area			
Bishops Waltham			
BW1	The Vineyard/Tangier Lane	BW3	

BW2	Tollgate Sawmill	BW5
BW3	Land North of Rareridge Lane	NEW
New Alresford		
NA1	The Dean	NA2
NA2	Sun Lane	NA3
NA3	Neighbourhood Plan Designated Area	NEW
Colden Common		
CC1	Clayfield Park	CC2
CC2	Colden Common Farm	NEW
CC3	Land at Main Road	NEW
CC4	Land adjoining 85 Church Lane	NEW
Denmead		
DEN1	Neighbourhood Plan Designation Area	NEW
Kings Worthy	,	
KW1	Cornerways & Merrydale	NEW
KW2	Land adjoining the Cart & Horses PH	NEW
Swanmore	L	ı
SW1	The Lakes	SW1
Wickham and Kn	owle	
WK1	Winchester Road Housing Allocation and Open Space Allocation	WK2
WK3	Welborne Open Space	SH4 (part)
WK5	Land at Mill Lane	NEW
WK6	Land at Southwick Road/School Road	NEW
KN1	Ravenswood	NEW
Hursley		

HU1	Neighbourhood Plan Designation Area	NEW		
Otterbourne				
OT01	Land East of Main Road	NEW		
South Wonston	South Wonston			
SW01	Land at West Hill Road North	NEW		
Sutton Scotney	Sutton Scotney			
SU01	Land at Brightlands	NEW		
Waltham Chase				
WC1	Morgans Yard	WC1		

Site allocations from LPP1 and LPP2

Local Plan Part 1 (LPP1)

Policy number	Subject	
WT2	Strategic Housing Allocation – North	Allocation carried forward
	Winchester (Barton Farm)	(policy wording updated)
WT3	Bushfield Camp Employment Site	Allocation carried forward
		(policy wording updated)
SH2	Strategic Housing Allocation – West	Allocation carried forward
	of Waterlooville (Newlands)	(policy wording updated)
SH3	Strategic Housing Allocation – North	Allocation carried forward
	Whiteley	(policy wording updated)
SH4	North Fareham SDA	Allocation carried forward
		(policy wording updated)

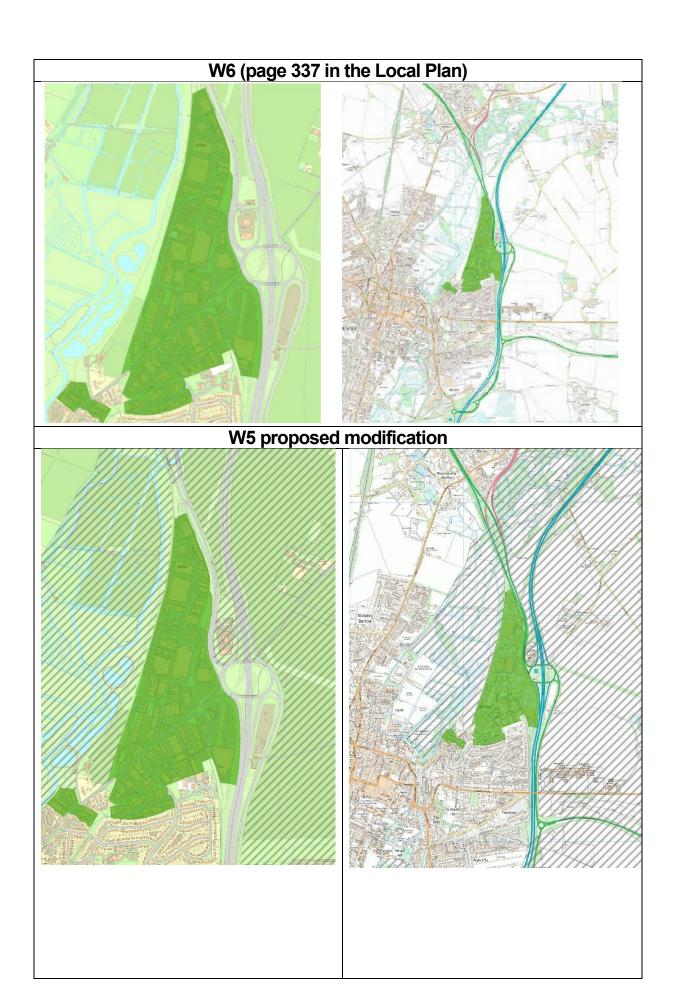
Local Plan Part 2 (LPP2)

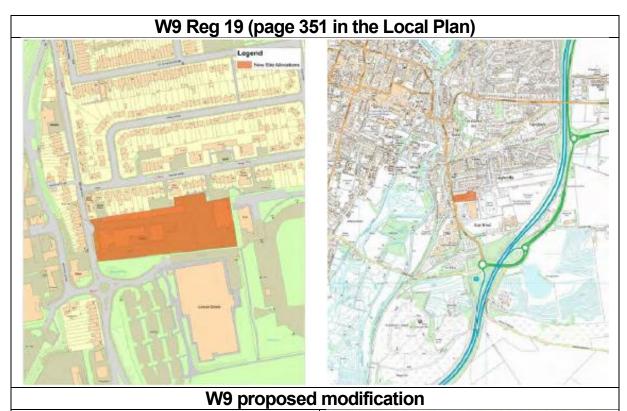
Policy number	Subject	
WIN4	Silver Hill Mixed Use Site (Central	Allocation carried forward
	Winchester Regeneration)	(policy wording updated)
WIN5	Station Approach Area – Development	Allocation carried forward
	Principles	(policy wording updated)
WIN6	The Carfax Mixed Use Site	Allocation carried forward
		through Station Approach
		(policy wording updated)
WIN7	The Cattlemarket Mixed Use Site	Allocation carried forward
		through Station Approach
		(policy wording updated)

WIN8	Stanmore	Not carried forward
WIN10	Abbotts Barton	Not carried forward
WIN11	Winnall	Allocation carried forward
		(policy wording updated)
BW1	Coppice Hill Housing Allocation	Not carried forward
BW2	Martin Street Housing Allocation	Not carried forward
BW3	The Vineyard/Tangier Lane Housing	Not carried forward
	Allocation	
BW4	Albany Farm Housing and Open	Not carried forward
	Space Allocation	
BW5	Tollgate Sawmill Employment	Allocation carried forward
	Allocation .	(policy wording updated)
CC1	Sandyfields Housing Allocation	Not carried forward
CC2	Clayfield Park Housing Allocation	Allocation carried forward
	oray noral reasoning resonances	(policy wording updated)
KW1	Lovedon Lane Housing and Open	Not carried forward
	Space Allocation	
NA2	The Dean Housing Allocation	Allocation carried forward
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(policy wording updated)
NA3	Sun Lane Mixed Use Allocation	Allocation carried forward
		(policy wording updated)
SW1	The Lakes Housing Allocation	Allocation carried forward
	The Lakes Fredering / medation	(policy wording updated)
SW2	Lower Chase Road Open Space	Not carried forward
3112	Allocation	Trot carried forward
WC1	Morgan's Yard Mixed Use Allocation	Allocation carried forward
	ga	(policy wording updated)
WC2	Clewers Lane Housing Allocation	Not carried forward
WC3	Sandy Lane Housing Allocation	Not carried forward
WC4	Forest Road (North and South)	Not carried forward
	Housing Allocations	Trot carried formand
WK2	Winchester Road Housing and Open	Not carried forward
*****	Space Allocation	Trot carried forward
WK3	The Glebe Housing and Open Space	Not carried forward
******	Allocation	Trot carried forward
SHUA1	Whiteley Green Housing Allocation	Allocation carried forward
0.10711	Trimerey ereem reading rangeauer.	(policy wording updated)
SHUA2	Solent 1 Employment Allocation	Allocation carried forward
		(policy wording updated)
SHUA3	Solent 2 Employment Allocation	Not carried forward
SHUA4	Little Park Farm Employment	Not carried forward
2	Allocation	
SHUA5	Botley Bypass Safeguarding	Allocation carried forward
3		(policy wording updated)
		, (policy from any apartica)

Appendix 3

WINCHESTER W5 Reg 19 (page 331 in the Local Plan) W5 proposed modification





No change SDNP boundary not visible at this scale





BISHOPS WALTHAM

BW3 Reg 19 (page 397 in the Local Plan)





BW3 Proposed modification



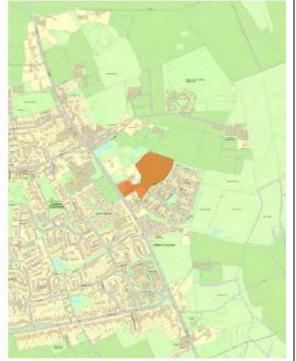




COLDEN COMMON

CC2 Reg 19 (page 423 in the Local Plan)

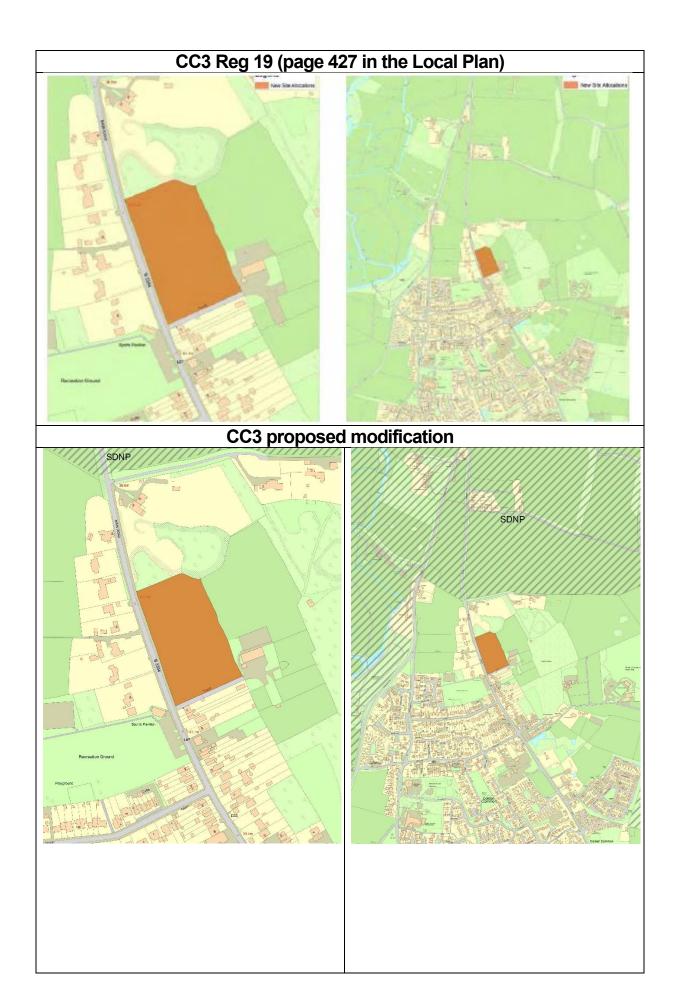




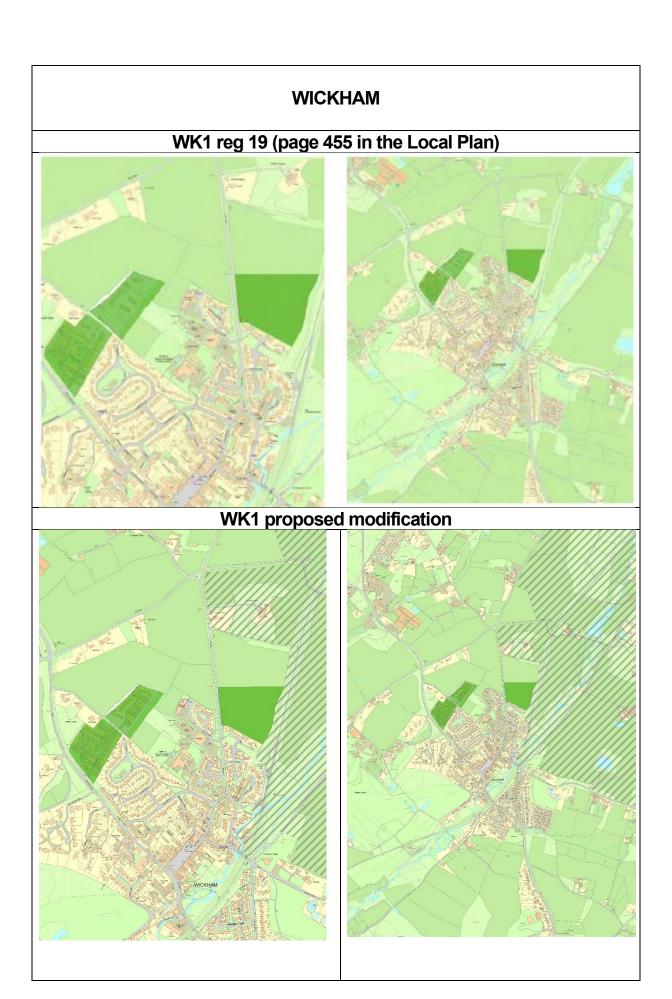
CC2 proposed modification

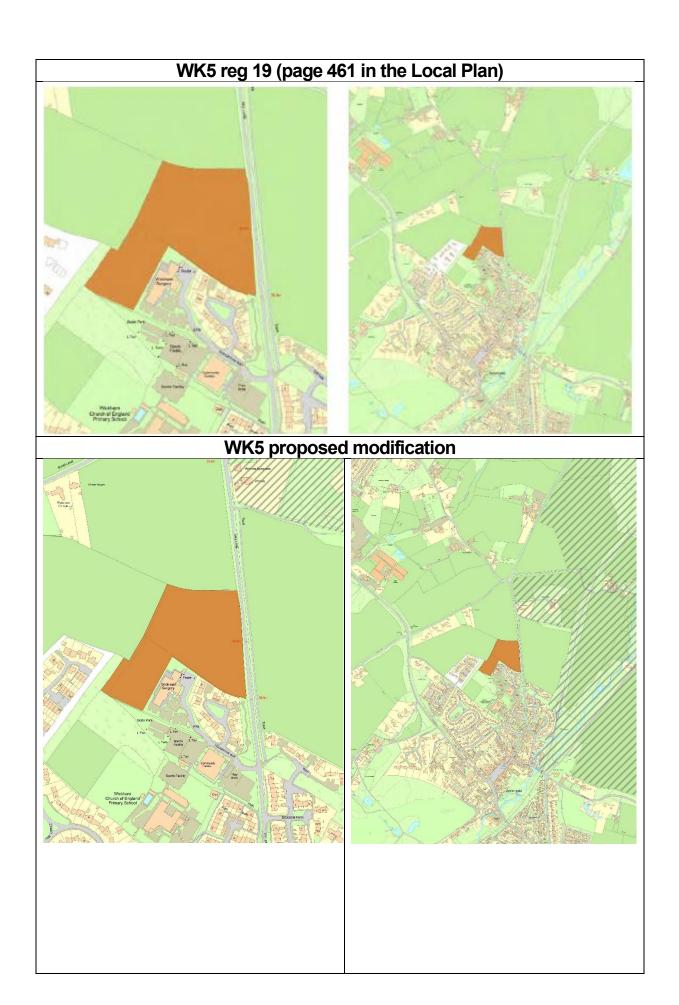


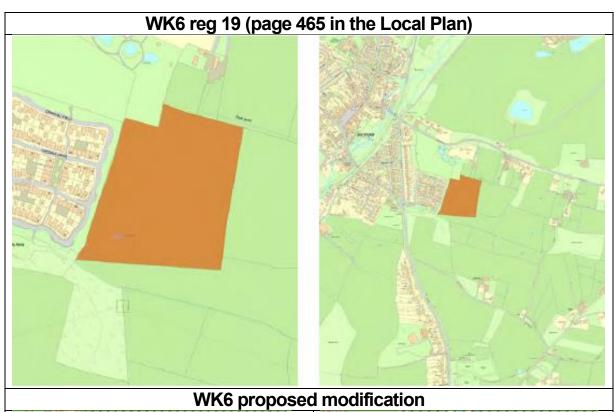




KINGS WORTHY KW2 Reg 19 (page 443 in the Local Plan) Kings Worthy KW2 proposed modification Kings Worthy

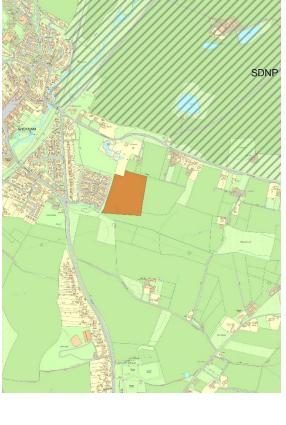












OTTERBOURNE

OT01 Reg 19 (page 479 in the Local Plan)





OT01 proposed modification

No change SDNP boundary not visible at this scale



Appendix 4

LOCAL PLAN GEOGRAPHIC AREA

